#### **NAME**

wcpcpy - copy a wide-character string, returning a pointer to its end

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <wchar.h>
wchar_t *wcpcpy(wchar_t *dest, const wchar_t *src);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):
wcpcpy():
Since glibc 2.10:
_POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200809L
Before glibc 2.10:
_GNU_SOURCE
```

# **DESCRIPTION**

The **wcpcpy**() function is the wide-character equivalent of the **stpcpy**(3) function. It copies the wide-character string pointed to by src, including the terminating null wide character (L'\0'), to the array pointed to by dest.

The strings may not overlap.

The programmer must ensure that there is room for at least wcslen(src)+1 wide characters at dest.

### **RETURN VALUE**

**wcpcpy**() returns a pointer to the end of the wide-character string *dest*, that is, a pointer to the terminating null wide character.

# **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
wcpcpy()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

### **CONFORMING TO**

POSIX.1-2008.

### **SEE ALSO**

strcpy(3), wcscpy(3)

### **COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 5.05 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.