NAME

ustat - get filesystem statistics

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h> /* libc[45] */
#include <ustat.h> /* glibc2 */
```

int ustat(dev_t dev, struct ustat *ubuf);

DESCRIPTION

ustat() returns information about a mounted filesystem. *dev* is a device number identifying a device containing a mounted filesystem. *ubuf* is a pointer to a *ustat* structure that contains the following members:

```
daddr_t f_tfree; /* Total free blocks */
ino_t f_tinode; /* Number of free inodes */
char f_fname[6]; /* Filsys name */
char f_fpack[6]; /* Filsys pack name */
```

The last two fields, f_fname and f_fpack , are not implemented and will always be filled with null bytes ('\0').

RETURN VALUE

On success, zero is returned and the *ustat* structure pointed to by *ubuf* will be filled in. On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EFAULT

ubuf points outside of your accessible address space.

EINVAL

dev does not refer to a device containing a mounted filesystem.

ENOSYS

The mounted filesystem referenced by *dev* does not support this operation, or any version of Linux before 1.3.16.

VERSIONS

Since version 2.28, glibc no longer provides a wrapper for this system call.

CONFORMING TO

SVr4.

NOTES

ustat() is deprecated and has been provided only for compatibility. All new programs should use **statfs**(2) instead.

HP-UX notes

The HP-UX version of the *ustat* structure has an additional field, $f_blksize$, that is unknown elsewhere. HP-UX warns: For some filesystems, the number of free inodes does not change. Such filesystems will return -1 in the field f_tinode . For some filesystems, inodes are dynamically allocated. Such filesystems will return the current number of free inodes.

SEE ALSO

stat(2), statfs(2)

COLOPHON

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