

**NAME**

`sinh`, `sinhf`, `sinhl` – hyperbolic sine function

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
double sinh(double x);
```

```
float sinhf(float x);
```

```
long double sinhl(long double x);
```

Link with `-lm`.

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see `feature_test_macros(7)`):

```
sinhf(), sinhl():
```

```
_ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L
```

```
|| /* Since glibc 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

```
|| /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

**DESCRIPTION**

These functions return the hyperbolic sine of  $x$ , which is defined mathematically as:

$$\sinh(x) = (\exp(x) - \exp(-x)) / 2$$

**RETURN VALUE**

On success, these functions return the hyperbolic sine of  $x$ .

If  $x$  is a NaN, a NaN is returned.

If  $x$  is  $+0$  ( $-0$ ),  $+0$  ( $-0$ ) is returned.

If  $x$  is positive infinity (negative infinity), positive infinity (negative infinity) is returned.

If the result overflows, a range error occurs, and the functions return `HUGE_VAL`, `HUGE_VALF`, or `HUGE_VALL`, respectively, with the same sign as  $x$ .

**ERRORS**

See `math_error(7)` for information on how to determine whether an error has occurred when calling these functions.

The following errors can occur:

Range error: result overflow

`errno` is set to `ERANGE`. An overflow floating-point exception (`FE_OVERFLOW`) is raised.

**ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see `attributes(7)`.

Interface	Attribute	Value
<code>sinh()</code> , <code>sinhf()</code> , <code>sinhl()</code>	Thread safety	MT-Safe

**CONFORMING TO**

C99, POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

The variant returning *double* also conforms to SVr4, 4.3BSD, C89.

**SEE ALSO**

`acosh(3)`, `asinh(3)`, `atanh(3)`, `cosh(3)`, `csinh(3)`, `tanh(3)`

**COLOPHON**

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