#### **NAME**

setup – setup devices and filesystems, mount root filesystem

### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <unistd.h>

int setup(void);

# **DESCRIPTION**

**setup**() is called once from within *linux/init/main.c*. It calls initialization functions for devices and filesystems configured into the kernel and then mounts the root filesystem.

No user process may call **setup**(). Any user process, even a process with superuser permission, will receive **EPERM**.

### **RETURN VALUE**

**setup**() always returns -1 for a user process.

### **ERRORS**

### **EPERM**

Always, for a user process.

#### **VERSIONS**

Since Linux 2.1.121, no such function exists anymore.

#### **CONFORMING TO**

This function is Linux-specific, and should not be used in programs intended to be portable, or indeed in any programs at all.

# **NOTES**

The calling sequence varied: at some times **setup**() has had a single argument *void* \*BIOS and at other times a single argument *int magic*.

## **COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 5.05 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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