#### **NAME**

set\_tid\_address - set pointer to thread ID

## **SYNOPSIS**

## #include linux/unistd.h>

#### long set tid address(int \*tidptr);

*Note*: There is no glibc wrapper for this system call; see NOTES.

## **DESCRIPTION**

For each thread, the kernel maintains two attributes (addresses) called *set\_child\_tid* and *clear\_child\_tid*. These two attributes contain the value NULL by default.

set\_child\_tid

If a thread is started using **clone**(2) with the **CLONE\_CHILD\_SETTID** flag, *set\_child\_tid* is set to the value passed in the *ctid* argument of that system call.

When set\_child\_tid is set, the very first thing the new thread does is to write its thread ID at this address.

clear\_child\_tid

If a thread is started using **clone**(2) with the **CLONE\_CHILD\_CLEARTID** flag, *clear\_child\_tid* is set to the value passed in the *ctid* argument of that system call.

The system call **set\_tid\_address**() sets the *clear\_child\_tid* value for the calling thread to *tidptr*.

When a thread whose *clear\_child\_tid* is not NULL terminates, then, if the thread is sharing memory with other threads, then 0 is written at the address specified in *clear\_child\_tid* and the kernel performs the following operation:

futex(clear child tid, FUTEX WAKE, 1, NULL, NULL, 0);

The effect of this operation is to wake a single thread that is performing a futex wait on the memory location. Errors from the futex wake operation are ignored.

# **RETURN VALUE**

set\_tid\_address() always returns the caller's thread ID.

#### **ERRORS**

set\_tid\_address() always succeeds.

## **VERSIONS**

This call is present since Linux 2.5.48. Details as given here are valid since Linux 2.5.49.

# **CONFORMING TO**

This system call is Linux-specific.

### **NOTES**

Glibc does not provide a wrapper for this system call; call it using **syscall**(2).

#### **SEE ALSO**

clone(2), futex(2), gettid(2)

### **COLOPHON**

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