NAME

rexec, rexec_af - return stream to a remote command

SYNOPSIS

#include <netdb.h>

rexec(), rexec_af(): Since glibc 2.19: __DEFAULT_SOURCE In glibc up to and including 2.19: __BSD_SOURCE

DESCRIPTION

This interface is obsoleted by **rcmd**(3).

The **rexec**() function looks up the host **ahost* using **gethostbyname**(3), returning -1 if the host does not exist. Otherwise, **ahost* is set to the standard name of the host. If a username and password are both specified, then these are used to authenticate to the foreign host; otherwise the environment and then the *.netrc* file in user's home directory are searched for appropriate information. If all this fails, the user is prompted for the information.

The port *inport* specifies which well-known DARPA Internet port to use for the connection; the call *getservbyname("exec", "tcp")* (see **getservent**(3)) will return a pointer to a structure that contains the necessary port. The protocol for connection is described in detail in **rexecd**(8).

If the connection succeeds, a socket in the Internet domain of type **SOCK_STREAM** is returned to the caller, and given to the remote command as *stdin* and *stdout*. If fd2p is nonzero, then an auxiliary channel to a control process will be setup, and a file descriptor for it will be placed in *fd2p. The control process will return diagnostic output from the command (unit 2) on this channel, and will also accept bytes on this channel as being UNIX signal numbers, to be forwarded to the process group of the command. The diagnostic information returned does not include remote authorization failure, as the secondary connection is set up after authorization has been verified. If fd2p is 0, then the *stderr* (unit 2 of the remote command) will be made the same as the *stdout* and no provision is made for sending arbitrary signals to the remote process, although you may be able to get its attention by using out-of-band data.

rexec_af()

The rexec() function works over IPv4 (AF_INET). By contrast, the rexec_af() function provides an extra argument, af, that allows the caller to select the protocol. This argument can be specified as AF_INET, AF_INET6, or AF_UNSPEC (to allow the implementation to select the protocol).

VERSIONS

The **rexec_af**() function was added to glibc in version 2.2.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
rexec(), rexec_af()	Thread safety	MT-Unsafe

CONFORMING TO

These functions are not in POSIX.1. The **rexec**() function first appeared in 4.2BSD, and is present on the BSDs, Solaris, and many other systems. The **rexec_af**() function is more recent, and less widespread.

BUGS

The **rexec**() function sends the unencrypted password across the network.

The underlying service is considered a big security hole and therefore not enabled on many sites; see rex-ecd(8) for explanations.

SEE ALSO

rcmd(3), rexecd(8)

COLOPHON

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