#### **NAME**

regcomp, regexec, regerror, regfree - POSIX regex functions

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

### **POSIX** regex compiling

regcomp() is used to compile a regular expression into a form that is suitable for subsequent regexec()
searches.

**regcomp**() is supplied with *preg*, a pointer to a pattern buffer storage area; *regex*, a pointer to the null-terminated string and *cflags*, flags used to determine the type of compilation.

All regular expression searching must be done via a compiled pattern buffer, thus **regexec**() must always be supplied with the address of a **regcomp**() initialized pattern buffer.

cflags may be the bitwise-or of zero or more of the following:

## REG\_EXTENDED

Use **POSIX** Extended Regular Expression syntax when interpreting *regex*. If not set, **POSIX** Basic Regular Expression syntax is used.

#### REG\_ICASE

Do not differentiate case. Subsequent **regexec**() searches using this pattern buffer will be case insensitive.

## **REG\_NOSUB**

Do not report position of matches. The *nmatch* and *pmatch* arguments to **regexec**() are ignored if the pattern buffer supplied was compiled with this flag set.

## REG NEWLINE

Match-any-character operators don't match a newline.

A nonmatching list ([^...]) not containing a newline does not match a newline.

Match-beginning-of-line operator (^) matches the empty string immediately after a newline, regardless of whether *eflags*, the execution flags of **regexec**(), contains **REG\_NOTBOL**.

Match-end-of-line operator (\$) matches the empty string immediately before a newline, regardless of whether *eflags* contains **REG\_NOTEOL**.

#### **POSIX regex matching**

**regexec**() is used to match a null-terminated string against the precompiled pattern buffer, *preg. nmatch* and *pmatch* are used to provide information regarding the location of any matches. *eflags* may be the bitwise-or of one or both of **REG\_NOTBOL** and **REG\_NOTEOL** which cause changes in matching behavior described below.

## REG\_NOTBOL

The match-beginning-of-line operator always fails to match (but see the compilation flag **REG\_NEWLINE** above). This flag may be used when different portions of a string are passed to **regexec**() and the beginning of the string should not be interpreted as the beginning of the line.

### REG\_NOTEOL

The match-end-of-line operator always fails to match (but see the compilation flag **REG\_NEW-LINE** above).

#### REG\_STARTEND

Use *pmatch[0]* on the input string, starting at byte *pmatch[0].rm\_so* and ending before byte *pmatch[0].rm\_eo*. This allows matching embedded NUL bytes and avoids a **strlen**(3) on large strings. It does not use *nmatch* on input, and does not change **REG\_NOTBOL** or **REG\_NEW-LINE** processing. This flag is a BSD extension, not present in POSIX.

#### Byte offsets

Unless **REG\_NOSUB** was set for the compilation of the pattern buffer, it is possible to obtain match addressing information. *pmatch* must be dimensioned to have at least *nmatch* elements. These are filled in by **regexec()** with substring match addresses. The offsets of the subexpression starting at the *i*th open parenthesis are stored in pmatch[i]. The entire regular expression's match addresses are stored in pmatch[0]. (Note that to return the offsets of N subexpression matches, nmatch must be at least N+1.) Any unused structure elements will contain the value -1.

The *regmatch\_t* structure which is the type of *pmatch* is defined in *<regex.h>*.

```
typedef struct {
    regoff_t rm_so;
    regoff_t rm_eo;
} regmatch_t;
```

Each  $rm\_so$  element that is not -1 indicates the start offset of the next largest substring match within the string. The relative  $rm\_eo$  element indicates the end offset of the match, which is the offset of the first character after the matching text.

#### **POSIX** error reporting

**regerror**() is used to turn the error codes that can be returned by both **regcomp**() and **regexec**() into error message strings.

**regerror**() is passed the error code, errcode, the pattern buffer, preg, a pointer to a character string buffer, errbuf, and the size of the string buffer,  $errbuf\_size$ . It returns the size of the errbuf required to contain the null-terminated error message string. If both errbuf and  $errbuf\_size$  are nonzero, errbuf is filled in with the first  $errbuf\_size - 1$  characters of the error message and a terminating null byte ("\0').

#### **POSIX** pattern buffer freeing

Supplying **regfree**() with a precompiled pattern buffer, *preg* will free the memory allocated to the pattern buffer by the compiling process, **regcomp**().

#### RETURN VALUE

**regcomp**() returns zero for a successful compilation or an error code for failure.

regexec() returns zero for a successful match or REG\_NOMATCH for failure.

## **ERRORS**

The following errors can be returned by **regcomp**():

#### REG\_BADBR

Invalid use of back reference operator.

#### REG BADPAT

Invalid use of pattern operators such as group or list.

### REG BADRPT

Invalid use of repetition operators such as using '\*' as the first character.

#### **REG EBRACE**

Un-matched brace interval operators.

### **REG\_EBRACK**

Un-matched bracket list operators.

## REG\_ECOLLATE

Invalid collating element.

#### REG\_ECTYPE

Unknown character class name.

#### **REG EEND**

Nonspecific error. This is not defined by POSIX.2.

#### **REG\_EESCAPE**

Trailing backslash.

## REG\_EPAREN

Un-matched parenthesis group operators.

### **REG\_ERANGE**

Invalid use of the range operator; for example, the ending point of the range occurs prior to the starting point.

## **REG\_ESIZE**

Compiled regular expression requires a pattern buffer larger than 64 kB. This is not defined by POSIX.2.

#### **REG ESPACE**

The regex routines ran out of memory.

## REG\_ESUBREG

Invalid back reference to a subexpression.

#### **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
regcomp(), regexec()	Thread safety	MT-Safe locale
regerror()	Thread safety	MT-Safe env
regfree()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

## **CONFORMING TO**

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

## **SEE ALSO**

grep(1), regex(7)

The glibc manual section, Regular Expressions

# **COLOPHON**

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