NAME

partx – tell the kernel about the presence and numbering of on-disk partitions

SYNOPSIS

partx [-a|-d|-P|-r|-s|-u] [-t type] [-n M:N] [-] disk partx <math>[-a|-d|-P|-r|-s|-u] [-t type] partition [disk]

DESCRIPTION

Given a device or disk-image, **partx** tries to parse the partition table and list its contents. It can also tell the kernel to add or remove partitions from its bookkeeping.

The *disk* argument is optional when a *partition* argument is provided. To force scanning a partition as if it were a whole disk (for example to list nested subpartitions), use the argument "–" (hyphen-minus). For example:

partx ---show - /dev/sda3

This will see sda3 as a whole-disk rather than as a partition.

partx is not an fdisk program – adding and removing partitions does not change the disk, it just tells the kernel about the presence and numbering of on-disk partitions.

OPTIONS

-a, --add

Add the specified partitions, or read the disk and add all partitions.

-b, --bytes

Print the SIZE column in bytes rather than in human-readable format.

-d, --delete

Delete the specified partitions or all partitions.

-g, --noheadings

Do not print a header line with ---show or ---raw.

-l, --list

List the partitions. Note that all numbers are in 512-byte sectors. This output format is DEPRE-CATED in favour of **—show**. Do not use it in newly written scripts.

-n, --nr M:N

Specify the range of partitions. For backward compatibility also the format M-N is supported. The range may contain negative numbers, for example --nr -1:-1 means the last partition, and --nr -2:-1 means the last two partitions. Supported range specifications are:

- *M* Specifies just one partition (e.g. **––nr 3**).
- *M*: Specifies the lower limit only (e.g. **––nr 2:**).
- :*N* Specifies the upper limit only (e.g. **––nr**:4).
- *M*:*N* Specifies the lower and upper limits (e.g. –-nr 2:4).
- -o, --output list

Define the output columns to use for **--show**, **--pairs** and **--raw** output. If no output arrangement is specified, then a default set is used. Use **--help** to get *list* of all supported columns. This option cannot be combined with the **--add**, **--delete**, **--update** or **--list** options.

--output-all

Output all available columns.

-P, --pairs

List the partitions using the KEY="value" format.

-r, --raw

List the partitions using the raw output format.

-s, --show

List the partitions. The output columns can be selected and rearranged with the **--output** option. All numbers (except SIZE) are in 512-byte sectors.

-t, --type type

Specify the partition table type.

--list-types

List supported partition types and exit.

-u, --update

Update the specified partitions.

-S, --sector-size *size*

Overwrite default sector size.

-v, --verbose

Verbose mode.

-V, --version

Display version information and exit.

-h, --help

Display help text and exit.

EXAMPLES

- partx --- show /dev/sdb3
- partx ---show ---nr 3 /dev/sdb
- partx ---show /dev/sdb3 /dev/sdb

All three commands list partition 3 of /dev/sdb.

partx --- show - /dev/sdb3

Lists all subpartitions on /dev/sdb3 (the device is used as whole-disk).

partx -o START -g --nr 5 /dev/sdb

Prints the start sector of partition 5 on /dev/sdb without header.

partx -o SECTORS,SIZE /dev/sda5 /dev/sda

Lists the length in sectors and human-readable size of partition 5 on /dev/sda.

partx ---add ---nr 3:5 /dev/sdd

Adds all available partitions from 3 to 5 (inclusive) on /dev/sdd.

partx -d --nr :-1 /dev/sdd

Removes the last partition on /dev/sdd.

SEE ALSO

addpart(8), delpart(8), fdisk(8), parted(8), partprobe(8)

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ENVIRONMENT

LIBBLKID_DEBUG=all

enables libblkid debug output.

AVAILABILITY

The partx command is part of the util-linux package and is available from Linux Kernel Archive (https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/).