

NAME

mkfs.cramfs – make compressed ROM file system

SYNOPSIS

mkfs.cramfs [options] *directory file*

DESCRIPTION

Files on cramfs file systems are zlib-compressed one page at a time to allow random read access. The metadata is not compressed, but is expressed in a terse representation that is more space-efficient than conventional file systems.

The file system is intentionally read-only to simplify its design; random write access for compressed files is difficult to implement. cramfs ships with a utility (mkcramfs) to pack files into new cramfs images.

File sizes are limited to less than 16 MB.

Maximum file system size is a little under 272 MB. (The last file on the file system must begin before the 256 MB block, but can extend past it.)

ARGUMENTS

The *directory* is simply the root of the directory tree that we want to generate a compressed filesystem out of.

The *file* will contain the cram file system, which later can be mounted.

OPTIONS

- v** Enable verbose messaging.
- E** Treat all warnings as errors, which are reflected as command return value.
- b** *blocksize*
Use defined block size, which has to be divisible by page size.
- e** *edition*
Use defined file system edition number in superblock.
- N** *big, little, host*
Use defined endianness. Value defaults to *host*.
- i** *file* Insert a *file* to cramfs file system.
- n** *name*
Set name of the cramfs file system.
- p** Pad by 512 bytes for boot code.
- s** This option is ignored. Originally the **-s** turned on directory entry sorting.
- z** Make explicit holes.
- h, --help**
Display help text and exit.
- V, --version**
Display version information and exit.

EXIT STATUS

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 0 | success |
| 8 | operation error, such as unable to allocate memory |

SEE ALSO

fck.cramfs(8), **mount(8)**

AVAILABILITY

The example command is part of the util-linux package and is available from Linux Kernel Archive (<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/>).