# NAME

gxditview - display groff intermediate output files

# SYNOPSIS

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gxditview [X-toolkit-option...] [-backingStore backing-store-type] [-filename string] [-page n]
[-printCommand string] [-resolution res] [file]
```

gxditview –help gxditview ––help

# DESCRIPTION

The **gxditview** program displays the *groff intermediate output*, see **groff\_out**(5), on an X display. It uses the standard X11 fonts, so it does not require access to the server machine for font loading. There are several ways to use **gxditview**.

The groff intermediate output can be generated by groff –Z. This can be viewed by explicitly calling gxditview filename. If filename is –, gxditview will read the standard input; filename cannot be omitted. The groff intermediate output is different for all devices. gxditview can view it for all devices, but the quality is device dependent.

The best results are achieved with the  $X^*$  devices for groff's option -T. There are four  $X^*$  devices: -TX75, -TX75-12, -TX100, -TX100-12. They differ by the X resolution (75dpi or 100dpi) and the used base font size (10pt or 12pt). They are especially built for gxditview. When using one of them groff generates the *intermediate output* for this device and calls gxditview automatically for viewing. For example, to view this man page with a base resolution of 12pt, say

### groff -TX100-12 -man -rS12 gxditview.1

(option **-rS***XX* is documented in the **groff\_man**(7) man page).

**groff**'s option  $-\mathbf{X}$  produces *intermediate output* for the *PostScript* device and subsequently uses **gxditview** as a viewer for it. The quality of the result depends mainly on the chosen point size and display resolution; for rapid previewing, however, something like

# groff -X -P-resolution -P100 document

yields acceptable results.

During the run of **gxditview**, the left mouse button brings up a menu with the following entries:

### Next Page

Display the next page.

#### **Previous Page**

Display the previous page.

#### Select Page

Select a particular numbered page specified by a dialog box.

- **Print** Print the *groff intermediate output* using a command specified by a dialog box. The default command initially displayed is controlled by the **printCommand** application resource, and by the **-printCommand** option.
- **Open** Open for display a new file specified by a dialog box. The file should contain some *groff interme*-*diate output*. If the filename starts with | it will be taken to be a command to read from.

### **Quit** Exit from **gxditview**.

The *n*, Space, Return, and Next (PgDn) keys are bound to the Next Page action. The *p*, *b*, BackSpace, Delete, and Prior (PgUp) keys are bound to the **Previous Page** action. The *g* key is bound to the **Select-Page** action. The *o* key is bound to the **OpenFile** action. The *q* key is bound to the **Quit** action. The *r* key is bound to the **Rerasterize** action which rereads the current file, and redisplays the current page; if the current file is a command, the command will be reexecuted. Vertical scrolling can be done with the *k* and *j* keys; horizontal scrolling is bound to the *h* and *l* keys. The arrow keys (up, down, left, and right) are also bound to the obvious scrolling actions.

The **paperlength** and **paperwidth** commands in the *DESC* file specify the length and width in machine units of the virtual page displayed by **gxditview**.

### **OPTIONS**

The **gxditview** program accepts all of the standard X Toolkit command-line options along with the additional options listed below:

-help This option indicates that a brief summary of the allowed options should be printed.

-page This option specifies the page number of the document to be displayed.

#### -backingStore backing-store-type

Redisplay of the *groff intermediate output* window can take up to a second or so, this option causes the server to save the window contents so that when it is scrolled around the viewport, the window is painted from contents saved in backing store. *backing-store-type* can be one of **Always**, **WhenMapped** or **NotUseful**.

## -printCommand command

The default command displayed in the dialog box for the **Print** menu entry will be *command*.

#### -resolution res

The *groff intermediate output* file will be displayed at a resolution of *res* dpi, unless the *DESC* file contains the **X11** command, in which case the device resolution will be used. This corresponds to the *Dvi* widget's **resolution** resource. The default is 75.

#### -filename string

The default filename displayed in the dialog box for the **Open** menu entry will be *string*. This can be either a filename, or a command starting with |.

The following standard X Toolkit command-line arguments are commonly used with gxditview:

-bg color

This option specifies the color to use for the background of the window. The default is white.

-bd color

This option specifies the color to use for the border of the window. The default is *black*.

-bw number

This option specifies the width in pixels of the border surrounding the window.

-fg color

This option specifies the color to use for displaying text. The default is *black*.

- -fn font This option specifies the font to be used for displaying widget text. The default is fixed.
- **-rv** This option indicates that reverse video should be simulated by swapping the foreground and background colors.
- -geometry geometry

This option specifies the preferred size and position of the window.

-display host:display

This option specifies the X server to contact.

-xrm resourcestring

This option specifies a resource string to be used.

## **X DEFAULTS**

This program uses the *Dvi* widget in the X Toolkit. It understands all of the core resource names and classes as well as:

#### width (class Width)

Specifies the width of the window.

## height (class Height)

Specifies the height of the window.

# foreground (class Foreground)

Specifies the default foreground color.

# font (class Font)

Specifies the font to be used for error messages.

#### fontMap (class FontMap)

Specifies the mapping from *groff* font names to X font names. This must be a string containing a sequence of lines. Each line contains two whitespace separated fields: first the *groff* font name, and secondly the X font name. The default is

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<b>`</b>	
TR	-adobe-times-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
TI	-adobe-times-medium-i-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
TB	-adobe-times-bold-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
TBI	-adobe-times-bold-i-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
CR	-adobe-courier-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
CI	-adobe-courier-medium-o-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
CB	-adobe-courier-bold-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
CBI	-adobe-courier-bold-o-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
HR	-adobe-helvetica-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
HI	-adobe-helvetica-medium-o-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
HB	-adobe-helvetica-bold-r-normal*-100-*_*-*-iso8859-1\n\
HBI	-adobe-helvetica-bold-o-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
NR	-adobe-new century schoolbook-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
NI	-adobe-new century schoolbook-medium-i-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
NB	-adobe-new century schoolbook-bold-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n\
NBI	-adobe-new century schoolbook-bold-i-normal*-100-*-*-*-iso8859-1\n
S	-adobe-symbol-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-adobe-fontspecific\n
SS	-adobe-symbol-medium-r-normal*-100-*-*-*-adobe-fontspecific\n

### **ENVIRONMENT**

GROFF\_FONT\_PATH

A list of directories in which to search for the *dev* name directory in addition to the default ones. See troff(1) and  $groff_font(5)$  for more details.

# FILES

/etc/X11/app-defaults/GXditview

/etc/X11/app-defaults/GXditview-color

The default resource files of **gxditview**. Users should override these values in the *.Xdefaults* file, normally located in the user's home directory. See **xrdb**(1) and **appres**(1) for more.

# AUTHORS

**gxditview** and its predecessor **xditview** were written by Keith Packard (MIT X Consortium), Richard L. Hyde (Purdue), David Slattengren (Berkeley), Malcolm Slaney (Schlumberger Palo Alto Research), Mark Moraes (University of Toronto), and James Clark.

# SEE ALSO

X(7), xrdb(1), xditview(1), groff(1), groff\_out(5)

## ORIGIN

This program is derived from **xditview**; portions of **xditview** originated in **xtroff** which was derived from **suntroff**.