#### **NAME**

```
gsignal, ssignal - software signal facility
```

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <signal.h>

typedef void (*sighandler_t)(int);
int gsignal(int signum);
sighandler_t ssignal(int signum, sighandler_t action);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):
gsignal(), ssignal():
Since glibc 2.19:
__DEFAULT_SOURCE
Glibc 2.19 and earlier:
__SVID_SOURCE
```

### DESCRIPTION

Don't use these functions under Linux. Due to a historical mistake, under Linux these functions are aliases for **raise**(3) and **signal**(2), respectively.

Elsewhere, on System V-like systems, these functions implement software signaling, entirely independent of the classical **signal**(2) and **kill**(2) functions. The function **ssignal**() defines the action to take when the software signal with number *signum* is raised using the function **gsignal**(), and returns the previous such action or **SIG\_DFL**. The function **gsignal**() does the following: if no action (or the action **SIG\_DFL**) was specified for *signum*, then it does nothing and returns 0. If the action **SIG\_DFL** and calls the action function with argument *signum*, and returns the value returned by that function. The range of possible values *signum* varies (often 1–15 or 1–17).

# **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

| Interface | Attribute     | Value           |
|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| gsignal() | Thread safety | MT-Safe         |
| ssignal() | Thread safety | MT-Safe sigintr |

#### **CONFORMING TO**

These functions are available under AIX, DG/UX, HP-UX, SCO, Solaris, Tru64. They are called obsolete under most of these systems, and are broken under Linux libc and glibc. Some systems also have **gsignal\_r**() and **ssignal\_r**().

#### **SEE ALSO**

```
kill(2), signal(2), raise(3)
```

# **COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 5.05 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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