#### NAME

grepdiff - show files modified by a diff containing a regex

# **SYNOPSIS**

```
grepdiff {[--help] | [--version] | [--list] | [--filter ...]}
```

### DESCRIPTION

For each file modified by a patch, if the patch hunk contains the REGEX then the file's name is printed.

The regular expression is treated as POSIX Basic Regular Expression syntax, unless the **-E** option is given in which case POSIX Extended Regular Expression syntax is used.

For example, to see the patches in my.patch which contain the regular expression "pf\_gfp\_mask", use:

```
grepdiff pf_gfp_mask my.patch |\
xargs -rn1 filterdiff my.patch -i
```

You can use both unified and context format diffs with this program.

#### **OPTIONS**

## -n, --line-number

Display the line number that each patch begins at. If verbose output is requested, each matching hunk is listed as well.

For a description of the output format see **lsdiff**(1).

## -N, --number-files

File numbers are listed, beginning at 1, before each filename.

# -p n, --strip-match=n

When matching, ignore the first n components of the pathname.

# --strip=n

Remove the first n components of the pathname before displaying it.

## --addprefix=PREFIX

Prefix the pathname with *PREFIX* before displaying it. This will override any individual settings specified with the **—addoldprefix** or **—addnewprefix** options.

# --addoldprefix=PREFIX

Prefix pathnames for old or original files in the output by PREFIX.

# --addnewprefix=PREFIX

Prefix pathnames for updated or new files in the output by *PREFIX*.

-s

Show file additions, modifications and removals. A file addition is indicated by a "+", a removal by a "-", and a modification by a "!".

# -i PATTERN, --include=PATTERN

Include only files matching PATTERN.

# -I FILE, --include-from-file=FILE

Include only files matching any pattern listed in FILE, one pattern per line. All other lines in the input

are suppressed.

# -x PATTERN --exclude=PATTERN

Exclude files matching PATTERN.

## -X FILE, --exclude-from-file=FILE

Exclude files matching any pattern listed in *FILE*, one pattern per line. All other lines in the input are displayed.

## -# RANGE, --hunks=RANGE

Only include hunks within the specified *RANGE*. Hunks are numbered from 1, and the range is a comma–separated list of numbers or "first–last" spans, optionially preceded by a modifier 'x' which inverts the entire range; either the first or the last in the span may be omitted to indicate no limit in that direction.

# --lines=RANGE

Only list hunks that contain lines from the original file that lie within the specified *RANGE*. Lines are numbered from 1, and the range is a comma–separated list of numbers or "first–last" spans, optionially preceded by a modifier 'x' which inverts the entire range; either the first or the last in the span may be omitted to indicate no limit in that direction.

# $-\mathbf{F}$ =RANGE, $--\mathbf{files}$ =RANGE

Only list files indicated by the specified *RANGE*. Files are numbered from 1 in the order they appear in the patch input, and the range is a comma–separated list of numbers or "first–last" spans, optionially preceded by a modifier 'x' which inverts the entire range; either the first or the last in the span may be omitted to indicate no limit in that direction.

#### --annotate

Annotate each hunk with the filename and hunk number.

## --as-numbered-lines=before after

Instead of a patch fragment, display the lines of the selected hunks with the line number of the file before (or after) the patch is applied, followed by a TAB character and a colon, at the beginning of each line. Each hunk except the first will have a line consisting of "..." before it.

### **--format**=unified|context

Use specified output format.

# --remove-timestamps

Do not include file timestamps in the output.

## -z, --decompress

Decompress files with extensions .gz and .bz2.

## -E, --extended-regexp

Use POSIX Extended Regular Expression syntax.

# -H, --with-filename

Print the name of the patch file containing each match.

# -h, --no-filename

Suppress the name of the patch file containing each match.

## -f FILE, --file=FILE

Read regular expressions from *FILE*, one per line.

## --output-matching=hunk|file

Display the matching hunk-level or file-level diffs.

# --help

Display a short usage message.

## --version

Display the version number of grepdiff.

# --filter

Behave like  ${\bf filter diff}(1)$  instead.

# --list

Behave like **lsdiff**(1) instead.

# **SEE ALSO**

filterdiff(1), lsdiff(1)

# **AUTHOR**

**Tim Waugh** <twaugh@redhat.com> Package maintainer