

NAME

`env` – run a program in a modified environment

SYNOPSIS

`env` [*OPTION*]... [-] [*NAME=VALUE*]... [*COMMAND* [*ARG*]...]

DESCRIPTION

Set each *NAME* to *VALUE* in the environment and run *COMMAND*.

Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.

-i, --ignore-environment

start with an empty environment

-0, --null

end each output line with NUL, not newline

-u, --unset=*NAME*

remove variable from the environment

-C, --chdir=*DIR*

change working directory to *DIR*

-S, --split-string=*S*

process and split *S* into separate arguments; used to pass multiple arguments on shebang lines

-v, --debug

print verbose information for each processing step

--help display this help and exit

--version

output version information and exit

A mere `-` implies `-i`. If no *COMMAND*, print the resulting environment.

OPTIONS

-S/--split-string usage in scripts

The `-S` option allows specifying multiple parameters in a script. Running a script named **1.pl** containing the following first line:

```
#!/usr/bin/env -S perl -w -T
```

Will execute **perl -w -T 1.pl**.

Without the `'-S'` parameter the script will likely fail with:

```
/usr/bin/env: `perl -w -T': No such file or directory
```

See the full documentation for more details.

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REPORTING BUGS

GNU coreutils online help: <<https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>>

Report `env` translation bugs to <<https://translationproject.org/team/>>

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SEE ALSO

Full documentation at: <<https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/env>>
or available locally via: `info '(coreutils) env invocation'`