



Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'tpm2_stirrandom.1'

\$ man tpm2_stirrandom.1

tpm2_stirrandom(1) General Commands Manual tpm2_stirrandom(1)

NAME

tpm2_stirrandom(1) - Add ?additional information? into TPM RNG state.

SYNOPSIS

tpm2_stirrandom [OPTIONS] [ARGUMENT]

DESCRIPTION

tpm2_stirrandom(1) - Inject ?additional information? as bytes into TPM entropy Protected Capability pool.

?Additional information? can be extracted from file specified as argument or being read from STDIN if argument is not specified.

Up to 128 bytes can be injected at once through standard input to tpm2_stirrandom(1).

If input file is larger than 128 bytes, tpm2_stirrandom(1) will fail.

Adding data through tpm2_stirrandom(1) will trigger a reseeding of TPM DRBG Protected Capability. It is used when performing any sensitive action on a shielded location such as loading a persistent key or acting on a Protected Capability like updating TPM firmware.

OPTIONS

This command has no option

References

COMMON OPTIONS

This collection of options are common to many programs and provide information that many users may expect.

? -h, --help=[man|no-man]: Display the tools manpage. By default, it attempts to invoke the manpager for the tool, however, on failure will output a short tool summary. This is the same behavior if the ?man? option argument is specified, however if explicit ?man? is requested, the tool will provide errors from man on stderr. If the ?no-man? option is specified, or the manpager fails, the short options will be output to stdout.

To successfully use the manpages feature requires the manpages to be installed or on MANPATH, See man(1) for more details.

? -v, --version: Display version information for this tool, supported tctis and exit.

? -V, --verbose: Increase the information that the tool prints to the console during its execution. When using this option the file and line number are printed.

? -Q, --quiet: Silence normal tool output to stdout.

? -Z, --enable-errata: Enable the application of errata fixups. Useful if an errata fixup needs to be applied to commands sent to the TPM.

Defining the environment TPM2TOOLS_ENABLE_ERRATA is equivalent. information many users may expect.

TCTI Configuration

The TCTI or ?Transmission Interface? is the communication mechanism with the TPM. TCTIs can be changed for communication with TPMs across different mediums.

To control the TCTI, the tools respect:

1. The command line option -T or --tcti
2. The environment variable: TPM2TOOLS_TCTI.

Note: The command line option always overrides the environment variable.

The current known TCTIs are:

? tabrmd - The resource manager, called tabrmd (<https://github.com/tpm2-software/tpm2-abrmd>). Note that tabrmd and abrmd as a tcti name are synonymous.

? mssim - Typically used for communicating to the TPM software simulator.

? device - Used when talking directly to a TPM device file.

? none - Do not initialize a connection with the TPM. Some tools allow for off-tpm options and thus support not using a TCTI. Tools that do not support it will error when attempted to be used without a TCTI connection. Does not support ANY options and MUST BE presented as the exact text of ?none?.

The arguments to either the command line option or the environment variable are in the form:

<tcti-name>:<tcti-option-config>

Specifying an empty string for either the <tcti-name> or <tcti-option-config> results in the default being used for that portion respectively.

TCTI Defaults

When a TCTI is not specified, the default TCTI is searched for using dlopen(3) semantics. The tools will search for tabrmd, device and mssim TCTIs IN THAT ORDER and USE THE FIRST ONE FOUND. You can query what TCTI will be chosen as the default by using the -v option to print the version information. The ?default-tcti? key-value pair will indicate which of the aforementioned TCTIs is the default.

Custom TCTIs

Any TCTI that implements the dynamic TCTI interface can be loaded. The tools internally use dlopen(3), and the raw tcti-name value is used for the lookup. Thus, this could be a path to the shared library, or a library name as understood by dlopen(3) semantics.

TCTI OPTIONS

This collection of options are used to configure the various known TCTI modules available:

? device: For the device TCTI, the TPM character device file for use by the device TCTI can be specified. The default is /dev/tpm0.

Example: `-T device:/dev/tpm0` or `export TPM2TOOLS_TCTI=device:/dev/tpm0`

? mssim: For the mssim TCTI, the domain name or IP address and port number used by the simulator can be specified. The default are 127.0.0.1 and 2321.

Example: `-T mssim:host=localhost,port=2321` or `export TPM2TOOLS_TCTI=mssim:host=localhost,port=2321`

? abrmd: For the abrmd TCTI, the configuration string format is a series of simple key value pairs separated by a ',' character. Each key and value string are separated by a '=' character.

? TCTI abrmd supports two keys:

1. 'bus_name': The name of the tabrmd service on the bus (a string).
2. 'bus_type': The type of the dbus instance (a string) limited to 'session' and 'system'.

Specify the tabrmd tcti name and a config string of bus_name=com.example.FooBar:

```
\--tcti=tabrmd:bus_name=com.example.FooBar
```

Specify the default (abrmd) tcti and a config string of bus_type=session:

```
\--tcti:bus_type=session
```

NOTE: abrmd and tabrmd are synonymous. the various known TCTI modules.)

EXAMPLES

Inject from stdin using echo

```
echo -n "myrandomdata" | tpm2_stirrandom
```

Inject 64 bytes from stdin using a file

```
dd if=/dev/urandom bs=1 count=64 > myrandom.bin
```

```
tpm2_stirrandom < ./myrandom.bin
```

Inject bytes from a file and reading up to 128 bytes

```
dd if=/dev/urandom of=./myrandom.bin bs=1 count=42
```

tpm2_stirrandom ./myrandom.bin

NOTES

Please be aware that even if the `tpm2_stirrandom(1)` can be entropy gathered from other DRBG sources, the TPM has no way of determining if the value has any entropy or not. As a consequence, it will just be considered as `tpm2_stirrandom(1)`.

The `tpm2_stirrandom(1)` is as defined in NIST SP800-90A (<https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/SP/nistspecialpublications800-90.pdf>)

Returns

Tools can return any of the following codes:

- 0 - Success.
- 1 - General non-specific error.
- 2 - Options handling error.
- 3 - Authentication error.
- 4 - TCTI related error.
- 5 - Non supported scheme. Applicable to `tpm2_testparams`.

BUGS

Github Issues (<https://github.com/tpm2-software/tpm2-tools/issues>)

HELP

See the Mailing List (<https://lists.01.org/mailman/listinfo/tpm2>)

tpm2-tools

tpm2_stirrandom(1)