



Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'ssh-add.1'

\$ man ssh-add.1

SSH-ADD(1) BSD General Commands Manual SSH-ADD(1)

NAME

ssh-add ? adds private key identities to the OpenSSH authentication agent

SYNOPSIS

```
ssh-add [-cDdKkLlqvXx] [-E fingerprint_hash] [-S provider] [-t life]
```

```
    [file ...]
```

```
ssh-add -s pkcs11
```

```
ssh-add -e pkcs11
```

```
ssh-add -T pubkey ...
```

DESCRIPTION

ssh-add adds private key identities to the authentication agent,

ssh-agent(1). When run without arguments, it adds the files

~/.ssh/id_rsa, ~/.ssh/id_dsa, ~/.ssh/id_ecdsa, ~/.ssh/id_ecdsa_sk,

~/.ssh/id_ed25519, and ~/.ssh/id_ed25519_sk. After loading a private

key, ssh-add will try to load corresponding certificate information from

the filename obtained by appending -cert.pub to the name of the private

key file. Alternative file names can be given on the command line.

If any file requires a passphrase, ssh-add asks for the passphrase from

the user. The passphrase is read from the user's tty. ssh-add retries the last passphrase if multiple identity files are given.

The authentication agent must be running and the SSH_AUTH_SOCK environment variable must contain the name of its socket for ssh-add to work.

The options are as follows:

-c Indicates that added identities should be subject to confirmation before being used for authentication. Confirmation is performed by ssh-askpass(1). Successful confirmation is signaled by a zero exit status from ssh-askpass(1), rather than text entered into the requester.

-D Deletes all identities from the agent.

-d Instead of adding identities, removes identities from the agent. If ssh-add has been run without arguments, the keys for the default identities and their corresponding certificates will be removed. Otherwise, the argument list will be interpreted as a list of paths to public key files to specify keys and certificates to be removed from the agent. If no public key is found at a given path, ssh-add will append .pub and retry. If the argument list consists of -? then ssh-add will read public keys to be removed from standard input.

-E fingerprint_hash
Specifies the hash algorithm used when displaying key fingerprints. Valid options are: md5 and sha256. The default is sha256.

-e pkcs11
Remove keys provided by the PKCS#11 shared library pkcs11.

-K Load resident keys from a FIDO authenticator.

-k When loading keys into or deleting keys from the agent, process plain private keys only and skip certificates.

-L Lists public key parameters of all identities currently represented by the agent.

-l Lists fingerprints of all identities currently represented by the agent.

-q Be quiet after a successful operation.

-S provider

Specifies a path to a library that will be used when adding FIDO authenticator-hosted keys, overriding the default of using the internal USB HID support.

-s pkcs11

Add keys provided by the PKCS#11 shared library pkcs11.

-T pubkey ...

Tests whether the private keys that correspond to the specified pubkey files are usable by performing sign and verify operations on each.

-t life

Set a maximum lifetime when adding identities to an agent. The lifetime may be specified in seconds or in a time format specified in `sshd_config(5)`.

-v Verbose mode. Causes `ssh-add` to print debugging messages about its progress. This is helpful in debugging problems. Multiple `-v` options increase the verbosity. The maximum is 3.

-X Unlock the agent.

-x Lock the agent with a password.

ENVIRONMENT

DISPLAY, SSH_ASKPASS and SSH_ASKPASS_REQUIRE

If `ssh-add` needs a passphrase, it will read the passphrase from the current terminal if it was run from a terminal. If `ssh-add` does not have a terminal associated with it but `DISPLAY` and `SSH_ASKPASS` are set, it will execute the program specified by `SSH_ASKPASS` (by default `?ssh-askpass?`) and open an X11 window to read the passphrase. This is particularly useful when calling `ssh-add` from a `.xsession` or related script.

`SSH_ASKPASS_REQUIRE` allows further control over the use of an askpass program. If this variable is set to `?never?` then `ssh-add` will never attempt to use one. If it is set to `?prefer?`, then `ssh-add` will prefer to use the askpass program instead of the TTY

when requesting passwords. Finally, if the variable is set to `?force?`, then the `askpass` program will be used for all passphrase input regardless of whether `DISPLAY` is set.

SSH_AUTH_SOCK

Identifies the path of a UNIX-domain socket used to communicate with the agent.

SSH_SK_PROVIDER

Specifies a path to a library that will be used when loading any FIDO authenticator-hosted keys, overriding the default of using the built-in USB HID support.

FILES

`~/.ssh/id_dsa`

`~/.ssh/id_ecdsa`

`~/.ssh/id_ecdsa_sk`

`~/.ssh/id_ed25519`

`~/.ssh/id_ed25519_sk`

`~/.ssh/id_rsa`

Contains the DSA, ECDSA, authenticator-hosted ECDSA, Ed25519, authenticator-hosted Ed25519 or RSA authentication identity of the user.

Identity files should not be readable by anyone but the user. Note that `ssh-add` ignores identity files if they are accessible by others.

EXIT STATUS

Exit status is 0 on success, 1 if the specified command fails, and 2 if `ssh-add` is unable to contact the authentication agent.

SEE ALSO

`ssh(1)`, `ssh-agent(1)`, `ssh-askpass(1)`, `ssh-keygen(1)`, `sshd(8)`

AUTHORS

OpenSSH is a derivative of the original and free `ssh 1.2.12` release by Tatu Ylonen. Aaron Campbell, Bob Beck, Markus Friedl, Niels Provos, Theodor de Raadt and Dug Song removed many bugs, re-added newer features and created OpenSSH. Markus Friedl contributed the support for SSH protocol versions 1.5 and 2.0.

