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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'seteuid.2'

# \$ man seteuid.2 SETEUID(2)

) Linux Programmer's Manual

SETEUID(2)

# NAME

seteuid, setegid - set effective user or group ID

# SYNOPSIS

#include <sys/types.h>

#include <unistd.h>

int seteuid(uid\_t euid);

int setegid(gid\_t egid);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature\_test\_macros(7)):

seteuid(), setegid():

\_POSIX\_C\_SOURCE >= 200112L

|| /\* Glibc versions <= 2.19: \*/ \_BSD\_SOURCE

### DESCRIPTION

seteuid() sets the effective user ID of the calling process. Unprivi?

leged processes may only set the effective user ID to the real user ID,

the effective user ID or the saved set-user-ID.

Precisely the same holds for setegid() with "group" instead of "user".

On success, zero is returned. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set appropriately.

Note: there are cases where seteuid() can fail even when the caller is UID 0; it is a grave security error to omit checking for a failure re? turn from seteuid().

### ERRORS

EINVAL The target user or group ID is not valid in this user namespace.

EPERM In the case of seteuid(): the calling process is not privileged

(does not have the CAP\_SETUID capability in its user namespace)

and euid does not match the current real user ID, current effec?

tive user ID, or current saved set-user-ID.

In the case of setegid(): the calling process is not privileged

(does not have the CAP\_SETGID capability in its user namespace)

and egid does not match the current real group ID, current ef?

fective group ID, or current saved set-group-ID.

#### CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, 4.3BSD.

#### NOTES

Setting the effective user (group) ID to the saved set-user-ID (saved set-group-ID) is possible since Linux 1.1.37 (1.1.38). On an arbitrary system one should check \_POSIX\_SAVED\_IDS.

Under glibc 2.0, seteuid(euid) is equivalent to setreuid(-1, euid) and hence may change the saved set-user-ID. Under glibc 2.1 and later, it is equivalent to setresuid(-1, euid, -1) and hence does not change the saved set-user-ID. Analogous remarks hold for setegid(), with the dif? ference that the change in implementation from setregid(-1, egid) to setresgid(-1, egid, -1) occurred in glibc 2.2 or 2.3 (depending on the hardware architecture).

According to POSIX.1, seteuid() (setegid()) need not permit euid (egid) to be the same value as the current effective user (group) ID, and some implementations do not permit this.

C library/kernel differences

On Linux, seteuid() and setegid() are implemented as library functions

that call, respectively, setreuid(2) and setregid(2).

### SEE ALSO

geteuid(2), setresuid(2), setreuid(2), setuid(2), capabilities(7), cre?

dentials(7), user\_namespaces(7)

### COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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