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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'remove.3'

\$ man remove.3

REMOVE(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

REMOVE(3)

NAME

remove - remove a file or directory

SYNOPSIS

#include <stdio.h>

int remove(const char *pathname);

DESCRIPTION

remove() deletes a name from the filesystem. It calls unlink(2) for

files, and rmdir(2) for directories.

If the removed name was the last link to a file and no processes have

the file open, the file is deleted and the space it was using is made

available for reuse.

If the name was the last link to a file, but any processes still have

the file open, the file will remain in existence until the last file

descriptor referring to it is closed.

If the name referred to a symbolic link, the link is removed.

If the name referred to a socket, FIFO, or device, the name is removed,

but processes which have the object open may continue to use it.

RETURN VALUE

On success, zero is returned. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is

set appropriately.

ERRORS

The errors that occur are those for unlink(2) and rmdir(2).

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?remove() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C89, C99, 4.3BSD.

BUGS

Infelicities in the protocol underlying NFS can cause the unexpected

disappearance of files which are still being used.

SEE ALSO

rm(1), unlink(1), link(2), mknod(2), open(2), rename(2), rmdir(2), un?

link(2), mkfifo(3), symlink(7)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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GNU 2017-09-15 REMOVE(3)
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