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# Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'posix\_madvise.3'

## \$ man posix\_madvise.3

POSIX\_MADVISE(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

POSIX\_MADVISE(3)

NAME

posix madvise - give advice about patterns of memory usage

## **SYNOPSIS**

#include <sys/mman.h>

int posix\_madvise(void \*addr, size\_t len, int advice);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature\_test\_macros(7)):

posix\_madvise():

\_POSIX\_C\_SOURCE >= 200112L

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The posix\_madvise() function allows an application to advise the system about its expected patterns of usage of memory in the address range starting at addr and continuing for len bytes. The system is free to use this advice in order to improve the performance of memory accesses (or to ignore the advice altogether), but calling posix\_madvise() shall not affect the semantics of access to memory in the specified range.

The advice argument is one of the following:

POSIX\_MADV\_NORMAL Page 1/3

The application has no special advice regarding its memory usage patterns for the specified address range. This is the default behavior.

### POSIX\_MADV\_SEQUENTIAL

The application expects to access the specified address range sequentially, running from lower addresses to higher addresses.

Hence, pages in this region can be aggressively read ahead, and may be freed soon after they are accessed.

## POSIX\_MADV\_RANDOM

The application expects to access the specified address range randomly. Thus, read ahead may be less useful than normally.

### POSIX\_MADV\_WILLNEED

The application expects to access the specified address range in the near future. Thus, read ahead may be beneficial.

## POSIX\_MADV\_DONTNEED

The application expects that it will not access the specified address range in the near future.

#### **RETURN VALUE**

On success, posix\_madvise() returns 0. On failure, it returns a posi? tive error number.

#### **ERRORS**

EINVAL addr is not a multiple of the system page size or len is nega? tive.

EINVAL advice is invalid.

ENOMEM Addresses in the specified range are partially or completely outside the caller's address space.

#### **VERSIONS**

Support for posix\_madvise() first appeared in glibc version 2.2.

#### **CONFORMING TO**

POSIX.1-2001.

### **NOTES**

POSIX.1 permits an implementation to generate an error if len is 0. On Linux, specifying len as 0 is permitted (as a successful no-op).

In glibc, this function is implemented using madvise(2). However, since glibc 2.6, POSIX\_MADV\_DONTNEED is treated as a no-op, because the corresponding madvise(2) value, MADV\_DONTNEED, has destructive seman? tics.

## SEE ALSO

madvise(2), posix\_fadvise(2)

## COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

Linux 2017-09-15 POSIX\_MADVISE(3)