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# Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'nvme-endurance-log.1'

# \$ man nvme-endurance-log.1

NVME-ENDURANCE-LOG(1)

**NVMe Manual** 

NVME-ENDURANCE-LOG(1)

## NAME

nvme-endurance-log - Send NVMe Endurance log page request, returns result and log

#### **SYNOPSIS**

nvme endurance-log <device> [--group-id=<group> | -g <group>]

[--output-format=<fmt> | -o <fmt>]

# **DESCRIPTION**

format.

Retrieves the NVMe Endurance log page from an NVMe device and provides the returned structure.

The <device> parameter is mandatory and may be either the NVMe character device (ex: /dev/nvme0), or a namespace block device (ex: /dev/nvme0n1).

On success, the returned endurance log structure may be returned in one of several ways depending on the option flags; the structure may parsed by the program and printed in a readable format, the raw buffer may be printed to stdout for another program to parse, or reported in json

Page 1/2

# **OPTIONS**

-g <group>, --group-id=<group>

The endurance group identifier.

-o <format>, --output-format=<format>

Set the reporting format to normal, json, or binary. Only one output format can be used at a time.

# **EXAMPLES**

? Print the Endurance log page in a human readable format:

# nvme endurance-log /dev/nvme0

? Print the raw Endurance log to a file:

# nvme endurance-log /dev/nvme0 --output=binary > endurance\_log.raw

It is probably a bad idea to not redirect stdout when using this

mode.

# **NVME**

Part of the nvme-user suite

NVMe 06/23/2023 NVME-ENDURANCE-LOG(1)