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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'if_freenameindex.3'

\$ man if_freenameindex.3

IF_NAMEINDEX(3) Linux Programmer's Manual IF_NAMEINDEX(3)

NAME

if_nameindex, if_freenameindex - get network interface names and in?

dexes

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <net/if.h>
```

```
struct if_nameindex *if_nameindex(void);
```

```
void if_freenameindex(struct if_nameindex *ptr);
```

DESCRIPTION

The if_nameindex() function returns an array of if_nameindex structures, each containing information about one of the network interfaces on the local system. The if_nameindex structure contains at least the following entries:

```
unsigned int if_index; /* Index of interface (1, 2, ...) */
```

```
char *if_name; /* Null-terminated name ("eth0", etc.) */
```

The if_index field contains the interface index. The if_name field points to the null-terminated interface name. The end of the array is indicated by entry with if_index set to zero and if_name set to NULL.

The data structure returned by `if_nameindex()` is dynamically allocated and should be freed using `if_freenameindex()` when no longer needed.

RETURN VALUE

On success, `if_nameindex()` returns pointer to the array; on error, `NULL` is returned, and `errno` is set appropriately.

ERRORS

`if_nameindex()` may fail and set `errno` if:

ENOBUFS

Insufficient resources available.

`if_nameindex()` may also fail for any of the errors specified for `socket(2)`, `bind(2)`, `ioctl(2)`, `getsockname(2)`, `recvmsg(2)`, `sendto(2)`, or `malloc(3)`.

VERSIONS

The `if_nameindex()` function first appeared in glibc 2.1, but before glibc 2.3.4, the implementation supported only interfaces with IPv4 addresses. Support of interfaces that don't have IPv4 addresses is available only on kernels that support netlink.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see [attributes\(7\)](#).

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?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

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?if_nameindex(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

?if_freenameindex() ? ? ?

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CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, RFC 3493.

This function first appeared in BSDi.

EXAMPLES

The program below demonstrates the use of the functions described on this page. An example of the output this program might produce is the following:

```
$ ./a.out
```

```
1: lo
```

```
2: wlan0
```

```
3: em1
```

Program source

```
#include <net/if.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int
main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    struct if_nameindex *if_ni, *i;
    if_ni = if_nameindex();
    if (if_ni == NULL) {
        perror("if_nameindex");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    for (i = if_ni; ! (i->if_index == 0 && i->if_name == NULL); i++)
        printf("%u: %s\n", i->if_index, i->if_name);
    if_freenameindex(if_ni);
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

SEE ALSO

getsockopt(2), setsockopt(2), getifaddrs(3), if_indextoname(3),
if_nametoindex(3), ifconfig(8)

COLOPHON

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