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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'getrusage.2'

\$ man getrusage.2

GETRUSAGE(2)

Linux Programmer's Manual

GETRUSAGE(2)

NAME

getrusage - get resource usage

SYNOPSIS

#include <sys/time.h>

#include <sys/resource.h>

int getrusage(int who, struct rusage *usage);

DESCRIPTION

getrusage() returns resource usage measures for who, which can be one of the following:

RUSAGE_SELF

Return resource usage statistics for the calling process, which is the sum of resources used by all threads in the process.

RUSAGE_CHILDREN

Return resource usage statistics for all children of the calling process that have terminated and been waited for. These statis? tics will include the resources used by grandchildren, and fur? ther removed descendants, if all of the intervening descendants

waited on their terminated children.

```
RUSAGE_THREAD (since Linux 2.6.26)
```

Return resource usage statistics for the calling thread. The _GNU_SOURCE feature test macro must be defined (before including any header file) in order to obtain the definition of this con? stant from <sys/resource.h>.

The resource usages are returned in the structure pointed to by usage, which has the following form:

```
struct rusage {
  struct timeval ru_utime; /* user CPU time used */
  struct timeval ru stime; /* system CPU time used */
                        /* maximum resident set size */
  long ru_maxrss;
  long ru_ixrss;
                      /* integral shared memory size */
  long ru_idrss;
                      /* integral unshared data size */
                      /* integral unshared stack size */
  long ru_isrss;
                      /* page reclaims (soft page faults) */
  long ru_minflt;
  long ru_majflt;
                      /* page faults (hard page faults) */
  long ru nswap;
                        /* swaps */
                       /* block input operations */
  long ru inblock;
  long ru_oublock;
                        /* block output operations */
  long ru_msgsnd;
                        /* IPC messages sent */
  long ru_msgrcv;
                        /* IPC messages received */
                        /* signals received */
  long ru_nsignals;
                        /* voluntary context switches */
  long ru_nvcsw;
  long ru_nivcsw;
                        /* involuntary context switches */
};
```

Not all fields are completed; unmaintained fields are set to zero by the kernel. (The unmaintained fields are provided for compatibility with other systems, and because they may one day be supported on Linux.) The fields are interpreted as follows:

ru_utime

This is the total amount of time spent executing in user mode, expressed in a timeval structure (seconds plus microseconds).

ru stime

This is the total amount of time spent executing in kernel mode, expressed in a timeval structure (seconds plus microseconds).

ru_maxrss (since Linux 2.6.32)

This is the maximum resident set size used (in kilobytes). For RUSAGE_CHILDREN, this is the resident set size of the largest child, not the maximum resident set size of the process tree.

ru_ixrss (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_idrss (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_isrss (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_minflt

The number of page faults serviced without any I/O activity; here I/O activity is avoided by ?reclaiming? a page frame from the list of pages awaiting reallocation.

ru majflt

The number of page faults serviced that required I/O activity.

ru_nswap (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_inblock (since Linux 2.6.22)

The number of times the filesystem had to perform input.

ru_oublock (since Linux 2.6.22)

The number of times the filesystem had to perform output.

ru msgsnd (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_msgrcv (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_nsignals (unmaintained)

This field is currently unused on Linux.

ru_nvcsw (since Linux 2.6)

The number of times a context switch resulted due to a process

voluntarily giving up the processor before its time slice was completed (usually to await availability of a resource).

ru_nivcsw (since Linux 2.6)

The number of times a context switch resulted due to a higher priority process becoming runnable or because the current process exceeded its time slice.

RETURN VALUE

On success, zero is returned. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EFAULT usage points outside the accessible address space.

EINVAL who is invalid.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at? tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?????????????????????????????????????

?getrusage() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

RUSAGE_THREAD is Linux-specific.

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, SVr4, 4.3BSD. POSIX.1 specifies getrusage(), but specifies only the fields ru_utime and ru_stime.

NOTES

Resource usage metrics are preserved across an execve(2).

Including <sys/time.h> is not required these days, but increases porta?

bility. (Indeed, struct timeval is defined in <sys/time.h>.)

In Linux kernel versions before 2.6.9, if the disposition of SIGCHLD is

set to SIG IGN then the resource usages of child processes are automat?

ically included in the value returned by RUSAGE_CHILDREN, although

POSIX.1-2001 explicitly prohibits this. This nonconformance is recti?

fied in Linux 2.6.9 and later.

The structure definition shown at the start of this page was taken from 4.3BSD Reno.

Ancient systems provided a vtimes() function with a similar purpose to getrusage(). For backward compatibility, glibc (up until version 2.32) also provides vtimes(). All new applications should be written using getrusage().

See also the description of /proc/[pid]/stat in proc(5).

SEE ALSO

clock_gettime(2), getrlimit(2), times(2), wait(2), wait4(2), clock(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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