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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'ecb\_crypt.3'

## \$ man ecb\_crypt.3

DES\_CRYPT(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

DES\_CRYPT(3)

### NAME

des\_crypt, ecb\_crypt, cbc\_crypt, des\_setparity, DES\_FAILED - fast DES

encryption

### SYNOPSIS

#include <rpc/des\_crypt.h>

int ecb\_crypt(char \*key, char \*data, unsigned datalen,

unsigned mode);

int cbc\_crypt(char \*key, char \*data, unsigned datalen,

unsigned mode, char \*ivec);

void des\_setparity(char \*key);

int DES\_FAILED(int status);

### DESCRIPTION

ecb\_crypt() and cbc\_crypt() implement the NBS DES (Data Encryption Standard). These routines are faster and more general purpose than crypt(3). They also are able to utilize DES hardware if it is avail? able. ecb\_crypt() encrypts in ECB (Electronic Code Book) mode, which encrypts blocks of data independently. cbc\_crypt() encrypts in CBC (Cipher Block Chaining) mode, which chains together successive blocks. CBC mode protects against insertions, deletions and substitutions of blocks. Also, regularities in the clear text will not appear in the cipher text.

Here is how to use these routines. The first argument, key, is the 8-byte encryption key with parity. To set the key's parity, which for DES is in the low bit of each byte, use des\_setparity(). The second argument, data, contains the data to be encrypted or decrypted. The third argument, datalen, is the length in bytes of data, which must be a multiple of 8. The fourth argument, mode, is formed by ORing to? gether some things. For the encryption direction OR in either DES\_EN? CRYPT or DES\_DECRYPT. For software versus hardware encryption, OR in either DES\_HW or DES\_SW. If DES\_HW is specified, and there is no hard? ware, then the encryption is performed in software and the routine re? turns DESERR\_NOHWDEVICE. For cbc\_crypt(), the argument ivec is the 8-byte initialization vector for the chaining. It is updated to the next initialization vector upon return.

#### **RETURN VALUE**

#### DESERR\_NONE

No error.

### DESERR\_NOHWDEVICE

Encryption succeeded, but done in software instead of the re?

quested hardware.

#### DESERR\_HWERROR

An error occurred in the hardware or driver.

#### DESERR\_BADPARAM

Bad argument to routine.

Given a result status stat, the macro DES\_FAILED(stat) is false only

for the first two statuses.

#### VERSIONS

These functions were added to glibc in version 2.1.

Because they employ the DES block cipher, which is no longer considered

secure, ecb\_crypt(), ecb\_crypt(), crypt\_r(), and des\_setparity() were

removed in glibc 2.28. Applications should switch to a modern cryptog?

raphy library, such as libgcrypt.

# ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?ecb\_crypt(), cbc\_crypt(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

?des\_setparity() ? ? ?

# CONFORMING TO

4.3BSD. Not in POSIX.1.

## SEE ALSO

des(1), crypt(3), xcrypt(3)

# COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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