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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'cockpit-ws.8'

\$ man cockpit-ws.8

COCKPIT-WS(8) cockpit-ws COCKPIT-WS(8)

NAME

cockpit-ws - Cockpit web service

SYNOPSIS

```
cockpit-ws [--help] [--port PORT] [--address ADDRESS] [--no-tls]
           [--for-tls-proxy] [--local-ssh] [--local-session BRIDGE]
```

DESCRIPTION

The cockpit-ws program is the web service component used for communication between the browser application and various configuration tools and services like cockpit-bridge(1).

Users or administrators should never need to start this program as it automatically started by systemd(1) on bootup, through cockpit-tls(8).

TRANSPORT SECURITY

cockpit-ws is normally run behind the cockpit-tls TLS terminating proxy, and only deals with unencrypted HTTP by itself. But for backwards compatibility it can also handle TLS connections by itself when being run directly. For details how to configure certificates, please refer to the cockpit-tls(8) documentation.

TIMEOUT

When started via `systemd(1)` then `cockpit-ws` will exit after 90 seconds if nobody logs in, or after the last user is disconnected.

OPTIONS

`--help`

Show help options.

`--port PORT`

Serve HTTP requests `PORT` instead of port 9090. Usually Cockpit is started on demand by `systemd` socket activation, and this option has no effect. Update the `ListenStream` directive `cockpit.socket` file in the usual `systemd` manner.

`--address ADDRESS`

Bind to address `ADDRESS` instead of binding to all available addresses. Usually Cockpit is started on demand by `systemd` socket activation, and this option has no effect. In that case, update the `ListenStream` directive in the `cockpit.socket` file in the usual `systemd` manner.

`--no-tls`

Don't use TLS.

`--for-tls-proxy`

Tell `cockpit-ws` that it is running behind a local reverse proxy that does the TLS termination. Then Cockpit puts `https://` URLs into the default `Content-Security-Policy`, and accepts only `https://` origins, instead of `http:` ones by default. However, if `Origins` is set in the `cockpit.conf(5)` configuration file, it will override this default.

`--local-ssh`

Normally `cockpit-ws` uses `cockpit-session` and PAM to authenticate the user and start a user session. With this option enabled, it will instead authenticate via SSH at `127.0.0.1` port 22.

`--local-session BRIDGE`

Skip all authentication and `cockpit-session`, and launch the `cockpit-bridge` specified in `BRIDGE` in the local session. If the

BRIDGE is specified as - then expect an already running bridge that is connected to stdin and stdout of this cockpit-ws process. This allows the web server to run as any unprivileged user in an already running session.

This mode implies --no-tls, thus you need to use http:// URLs with this.

Warning

If you use this, you have to isolate the opened TCP port somehow (for example in a network namespace), otherwise all other users (or even remote machines if the port is not just listening on localhost) can access the session!

ENVIRONMENT

The cockpit-ws process will use the XDG_CONFIG_DIRS environment variable from the XDG basedir spec[1] to find its cockpit.conf(5) configuration file.

In addition the XDG_DATA_DIRS environment variable from the XDG basedir spec[1] can be used to override the location to serve static files from. These are the files that are served to a non-logged in user.

BUGS

Please send bug reports to either the distribution bug tracker or the upstream bug tracker[2].

AUTHOR

Cockpit has been written by many contributors[3].

SEE ALSO

cockpit-tls(8) , cockpit.conf(5) , systemd(1)

NOTES

1. XDG basedir spec

<https://specifications.freedesktop.org/basedir-spec/basedir-spec-latest.html>

2. upstream bug tracker

<https://github.com/cockpit-project/cockpit/issues/new>

3. contributors

<https://github.com/cockpit-project/cockpit/>