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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'aio_suspend.3'

\$ man aio_suspend.3

AIO_SUSPEND(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

AIO_SUSPEND(3)

NAME

aio_suspend - wait for asynchronous I/O operation or timeout

SYNOPSIS

#include <aio.h>

int aio_suspend(const struct aiocb * const aiocb_list[],

int nitems, const struct timespec *timeout);

Link with -Irt.

DESCRIPTION

The aio_suspend() function suspends the calling thread until one of the

following occurs:

- * One or more of the asynchronous I/O requests in the list aiocb_list has completed.
- * A signal is delivered.
- * timeout is not NULL and the specified time interval has passed.

(For details of the timespec structure, see nanosleep(2).)

The nitems argument specifies the number of items in aiocb_list. Each

item in the list pointed to by aiocb_list must be either NULL (and then

is ignored), or a pointer to a control block on which I/O was initiated using aio_read(3), aio_write(3), or lio_listio(3). (See aio(7) for a description of the aiocb structure.) If CLOCK_MONOTONIC is supported, this clock is used to measure the

timeout interval (see clock_gettime(3)).

RETURN VALUE

If this function returns after completion of one of the I/O requests specified in aiocb_list, 0 is returned. Otherwise, -1 is returned, and errno is set to indicate the error.

ERRORS

EAGAIN The call timed out before any of the indicated operations had completed.

EINTR The call was ended by signal (possibly the completion signal of

one of the operations we were waiting for); see signal(7).

ENOSYS aio_suspend() is not implemented.

VERSIONS

The aio_suspend() function is available since glibc 2.1.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?aio_suspend() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

NOTES

One can achieve polling by using a non-NULL timeout that specifies a zero time interval.

If one or more of the asynchronous I/O operations specified in

aiocb_list has already completed at the time of the call to aio_sus?

pend(), then the call returns immediately.

To determine which I/O operations have completed after a successful re? turn from aio_suspend(), use aio_error(3) to scan the list of aiocb structures pointed to by aiocb_list.

BUGS

The glibc implementation of aio_suspend() is not async-signal-safe, in violation of the requirements of POSIX.1.

SEE ALSO

aio_cancel(3), aio_error(3), aio_fsync(3), aio_read(3), aio_return(3),

aio_write(3), lio_listio(3), aio(7), time(7)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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