

Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!

# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'xcrypt.3' command

### \$ man xcrypt.3

XCRYPT(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

XCRYPT(3)

NAME

xencrypt, xdecrypt, passwd2des - RFS password encryption

#### **SYNOPSIS**

#include <rpc/des\_crypt.h>

void passwd2des(char \*passwd, char \*key);

int xencrypt(char \*secret, char \*passwd);

int xdecrypt(char \*secret, char \*passwd);

# **DESCRIPTION**

WARNING: Do not use these functions in new code. They do not achieve any type of acceptable cryptographic security guarantees.

The function passwd2des() takes a character string passwd of arbitrary length and fills a character array key of length 8. The array key is suitable for use as DES key. It has odd parity set in bit 0 of each byte. Both other functions described here use this function to turn their argument passwd into a DES key.

The xencrypt() function takes the ASCII character string secret given in hex, which must have a length that is a multiple of 16, encrypts it using the DES key derived from passwd by passwd2des(), and outputs the result again in secret as a hex string of the same length.

The xdecrypt() function performs the converse operation.

## **RETURN VALUE**

The functions xencrypt() and xdecrypt() return 1 on success and 0 on

error.

## **VERSIONS**

These functions are available in glibc since version 2.1.

#### **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at? tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?passwd2des(), xencrypt(), xdecrypt() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

#### **BUGS**

The prototypes are missing from the abovementioned include file.

## SEE ALSO

cbc\_crypt(3)

## COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

2019-03-06 XCRYPT(3)