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## **Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'systemd-gpt-auto-generator.8' command**

### **`$ man systemd-gpt-auto-generator.8`**

SYSTEMD-GPT-AUTO-GENERATORsystemd-gpt-auto-generaSYSTEMD-GPT-AUTO-GENERATOR(8)

#### NAME

systemd-gpt-auto-generator - Generator for automatically discovering and mounting root, /home/, /srv/, /var/ and /var/tmp/ partitions, as well as discovering and enabling swap partitions, based on GPT partition type GUIDs

#### SYNOPSIS

/usr/lib/systemd/system-generators/systemd-gpt-auto-generator

#### DESCRIPTION

systemd-gpt-auto-generator is a unit generator that automatically discovers root, /home/, /srv/, /var/, /var/tmp/, the EFI System Partition, the Extended Boot Loader Partition and swap partitions and creates mount and swap units for them, based on the partition type GUIDs of GUID partition tables (GPT), see UEFI Specification[1], chapter 5. It implements the Discoverable Partitions Specification[2]. Note that this generator has no effect on non-GPT systems, and on specific mount points that are directories already containing files. Also, on systems where the units are explicitly configured (for example, listed in fstab(5)), the units this generator creates are overridden, but additional implicit dependencies might be created. This generator will only look for the root partition on the same physical disk where the EFI System Partition (ESP) is located. Note that support from the boot loader is required: the EFI variable











?0x00000000000000002           ? Partition (ESP) ? mounted       ?  
?  
?                               ?                               ? automatically   ?  
??

The /home/, /srv/, /var/ and /var/tmp/ partitions may be encrypted in LUKS format. In this case, a device mapper device is set up under the names /dev/mapper/home, /dev/mapper/srv, /dev/mapper/var and /dev/mapper/tmp. Note that this might create conflicts if the same partition is listed in /etc/crypttab with a different device mapper device name.

When systemd is running in the initrd the / partition may be encrypted in LUKS format as well. In this case, a device mapper device is set up under the name /dev/mapper/root, and a sysroot.mount is set up that mounts the device under /sysroot. For more information, see bootup(7).

The root partition can be specified by symlinking /run/systemd/volatile-root to /dev/block/\$major:\$minor. This is especially useful if the root mount has been replaced by some form of volatile file system (overlayfs).

Mount and automount units for the EFI System Partition (ESP) are generated on EFI systems. The ESP is mounted to /boot/ (except if an Extended Boot Loader partition exists, see below), unless a mount point directory /efi/ exists, in which case it is mounted there. Since this generator creates an automount unit, the mount will only be activated on-demand, when accessed. On systems where /boot/ (or /efi/ if it exists) is an explicitly configured mount (for example, listed in fstab(5)) or where the /boot/ (or /efi/) mount point is non-empty, no mount units are generated.

If the disk contains an Extended Boot Loader partition, as defined in the Boot Loader Specification[4], it is made available at /boot/ (by means of an automount point, similar to the ESP, see above). If both an EFI System Partition and an Extended Boot Loader partition exist the latter is preferably mounted to /boot/. Make sure to create both /efi/ and /boot/ to ensure both partitions are mounted.

When using this generator in conjunction with btrfs file systems, make

sure to set the correct default subvolumes on them, using `btrfs subvolume set-default`.

`systemd-gpt-auto-generator` implements `systemd.generator(7)`.

## KERNEL COMMAND LINE

`systemd-gpt-auto-generator` understands the following kernel command line parameters:

`systemd.gpt_auto`, `rd.systemd.gpt_auto`

Those options take an optional boolean argument, and default to yes. The generator is enabled by default, and a negative value may be used to disable it.

`root=`

When used with the special value `"gpt-auto"`, automatic discovery of the root partition based on the GPT partition type is enabled. Any other value disables this generator.

`rw`, `ro`

Mount the root partition read-write or read-only initially.

Note that unlike most kernel command line options these settings do not override configuration in the file system, and the file system may be remounted later. See `systemd-remount-fs.service(8)`.

## SEE ALSO

`systemd(1)`, `systemd.mount(5)`, `systemd.swap(5)`, `systemd-fstab-generator(8)`, `systemd-cryptsetup@.service(8)`, `machine-id(5)`, `cryptsetup(8)`, `fstab(5)`, `btrfs(8)`

## NOTES

### 1. UEFI Specification

<https://uefi.org/specifications>

### 2. Discoverable Partitions Specification

[https://systemd.io/DISCOVERABLE\\_PARTITIONS](https://systemd.io/DISCOVERABLE_PARTITIONS)

### 3. Boot Loader Interface

[https://systemd.io/BOOT\\_LOADER\\_INTERFACE](https://systemd.io/BOOT_LOADER_INTERFACE)

### 4. Boot Loader Specification

[https://systemd.io/BOOT\\_LOADER\\_SPECIFICATION](https://systemd.io/BOOT_LOADER_SPECIFICATION)