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# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'rawmemchr.3' command

# \$ man rawmemchr.3

MEMCHR(3) Linux Programmer's Manual MEMCHR(3)

NAME

memchr, memrchr, rawmemchr - scan memory for a character

## SYNOPSIS

#include <string.h>

void \*memchr(const void \*s, int c, size\_t n);

void \*memrchr(const void \*s, int c, size\_t n);

void \*rawmemchr(const void \*s, int c);

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature\_test\_macros(7)):

memrchr(), rawmemchr(): \_GNU\_SOURCE

## DESCRIPTION

The memchr() function scans the initial n bytes of the memory area pointed to by s for the first instance of c. Both c and the bytes of the memory area pointed to by s are interpreted as unsigned char. The memrchr() function is like the memchr() function, except that it searches backward from the end of the n bytes pointed to by s instead of forward from the beginning.

The rawmemchr() function is similar to memchr(): it assumes (i.e., the programmer knows for certain) that an instance of c lies somewhere in the memory area starting at the location pointed to by s, and so per? forms an optimized search for c (i.e., no use of a count argument to limit the range of the search). If an instance of c is not found, the results are unpredictable. The following call is a fast means of lo?

cating a string's terminating null byte:

char \*p = rawmemchr(s, '\0');

#### **RETURN VALUE**

The memchr() and memrchr() functions return a pointer to the matching byte or NULL if the character does not occur in the given memory area. The rawmemchr() function returns a pointer to the matching byte, if one

is found. If no matching byte is found, the result is unspecified.

#### VERSIONS

rawmemchr() first appeared in glibc in version 2.1.

memrchr() first appeared in glibc in version 2.2.

## ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?memchr(), memrchr(), rawmemchr() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

## CONFORMING TO

memchr(): POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, C89, C99, SVr4, 4.3BSD.

The memrchr() function is a GNU extension, available since glibc

2.1.91.

The rawmemchr() function is a GNU extension, available since glibc 2.1.

# SEE ALSO

bstring(3), ffs(3), index(3), memmem(3), rindex(3), strchr(3), strp?

brk(3), strrchr(3), strsep(3), strspn(3), strstr(3), wmemchr(3)

#### COLOPHON

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