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# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'nvme-nvm-id-ctrl.1' command

#### \$ man nvme-nvm-id-ctrl.1

NVME-NVM-ID-CTRL(1)

NVMe Manual

NVME-NVM-ID-CTRL(1)

NAME

nvme-nvm-id-ctrl - Send NVMe Identify Controller, return NVM command set structure

#### **SYNOPSIS**

nvme nvm-id-ctrl <device> [-o <fmt> | --output-format=<fmt>]

### **DESCRIPTION**

For the NVMe device given, sends the NVM command set?s identify controller command and provides the result and returned structure.

The <device> parameter is mandatory and may be either the NVMe character device (ex: /dev/nvme0), or a namespace block device (ex: /dev/nvme0n1).

On success, the data structure returned by the device will be decoded and displayed in one of several ways.

## **OPTIONS**

-o <format>, --output-format=<format>
Set the reporting format to normal, json, or binary. Only one output format can be used at a time.

### **EXAMPLES**

? Has the program interpret the returned buffer and display the known fields in a human readable format:

# nvme nvm-id-ctrl /dev/nvme0

? Show the output in json format

# nvme nvm-id-ctrl /dev/nvme0 -o json

NVME

Part of nvme-cli

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