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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'logsave.8' command

\$ man logsave.8

LOGSAVE(8) System Manager's Manual LOGSAVE(8)

NAME

logsave - save the output of a command in a logfile

SYNOPSIS

logsave [-asv] logfile cmd_prog [...]

DESCRIPTION

The logsave program will execute cmd_prog with the specified argument(s), and save a copy of its output to logfile. If the containing directory for logfile does not exist, logsave will accumulate the output in memory until it can be written out. A copy of the output will also be written to standard output.

If cmd_prog is a single hyphen ('-'), then instead of executing a program, logsave will take its input from standard input and save it in logfile

logsave is useful for saving the output of initial boot scripts until the /var partition is mounted, so the output can be written to /var/log.

OPTIONS

- a This option will cause the output to be appended to logfile, instead of replacing its current contents.
- s This option will cause logsave to skip writing to the logfile text which is bracketed with a control-A (ASCII 001 or Start of Header) and control-B (ASCII 002 or Start of Text). This allows

progress bar information to be visible to the user on the con?

sole, while not being written to the log file.

- v This option will make logsave to be more verbose in its output to the user.

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SEE ALSO

fsck(8)

E2fsprogs version 1.46.5

December 2021

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