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# Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'ip-nexthop.8' command

## \$ man ip-nexthop.8

```
IP-NEXTHOP(8)
                                               IP-NEXTHOP(8)
                             Linux
NAME
   ip-nexthop - nexthop object management
SYNOPSIS
   ip [ip-OPTIONS] nexthop { COMMAND | help }
   ip nexthop { show | flush } SELECTOR
   ip nexthop { add | replace } id ID NH
   ip nexthop { get | del } id ID
   ip nexthop bucket list BUCKET_SELECTOR
   ip nexthop bucket get id ID index INDEX
    SELECTOR := [id ID][dev DEV][vrf NAME][master DEV][groups
        ] [ fdb ]
   BUCKET_SELECTOR := SELECTOR | [ nhid ID ]
   NH := { blackhole | [ via ADDRESS ] [ dev DEV ] [ onlink ] [ encap EN?
        CAP | [fdb ] | group GROUP [fdb ] [type TYPE [TYPE_ARGS ] ]
   ENCAP := [ ENCAP_MPLS ]
    ENCAP_MPLS := mpls [ LABEL ] [ ttl TTL ]
   GROUP := id[,weight[/...]
   TYPE := { mpath | resilient }
   TYPE_ARGS := [ RESILIENT_ARGS ]
   RESILIENT_ARGS := [ buckets BUCKETS ] [ idle_timer IDLE ] [ unbal?
```

## **DESCRIPTION**

```
ip nexthop is used to manipulate entries in the kernel's nexthop ta?
bles.
ip nexthop add id ID
    add new nexthop entry
ip nexthop replace id ID
    change the configuration of a nexthop or add new one
    via [FAMILY] ADDRESS
        the address of the nexthop router, in the address family
        FAMILY. Address family must match address family of nex?
        thop instance.
    dev NAME
        is the output device.
    onlink pretend that the nexthop is directly attached to this
        link, even if it does not match any interface prefix.
    encap ENCAPTYPE ENCAPHDR
        attach tunnel encapsulation attributes to this route.
        ENCAPTYPE is a string specifying the supported encapsula?
        tion type. Namely:
             mpls - encapsulation type MPLS
        ENCAPHDR is a set of encapsulation attributes specific to
        the ENCAPTYPE.
             mpls
              MPLSLABEL - mpls label stack with labels sepa?
              rated by /
              ttl TTL - TTL to use for MPLS header or 0 to
              inherit from IP header
    group GROUP [type TYPE [TYPE_ARGS]]
        create a nexthop group. Group specification is id with an
        optional weight (id, weight) and a '/' as a separator be?
        tween entries.
        TYPE is a string specifying the nexthop group type.
```

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mpath - Multipath nexthop group backed by the hash-threshold algorithm. The default when the type is unspecified.

resilient - Resilient nexthop group. Group is re? silient to addition and deletion of nexthops.

TYPE\_ARGS is a set of attributes specific to the TYPE.

resilient

buckets BUCKETS - Number of nexthop buckets.

Cannot be changed for an existing group
idle\_timer IDLE - Time in seconds in which a
nexthop bucket does not see traffic and is
therefore considered idle. Default is 120 sec?
onds

unbalanced\_timer UNBALANCED - Time in seconds in which a nexthop group is unbalanced and is therefore considered unbalanced. The kernel will try to rebalance unbalanced groups, which might result in some flows being reset. A value of 0 means that no rebalancing will take place.

Default is 0 seconds

### blackhole

create a blackhole nexthop

fdb nexthop and nexthop groups for use with layer-2 fdb en?
tries. A fdb nexthop group can only have fdb nexthops.

Example: Used to represent a vxlan remote vtep ip.
layer-2 vxlan fdb entry pointing to an ecmp nexthop group containing multiple remote vtep ips.

ip nexthop delete id ID

delete nexthop with given id.

ip nexthop show

show the contents of the nexthop table or the nexthops selected by some criteria.

dev DEV Page 3/5

```
show the nexthops using the given device.
    vrf NAME
        show the nexthops using devices associated with the vrf
        name
    master DEV
        show the nexthops using devices enslaved to given master
        device
    groups show only nexthop groups
    fdb show only fdb nexthops and nexthop groups
ip nexthop flush
    flushes nexthops selected by some criteria. Criteria options are
    the same as show.
ip nexthop get id ID
    get a single nexthop by id
ip nexthop bucket show
    show the contents of the nexthop bucket table or the nexthop
    buckets selected by some criteria.
    id ID
        show the nexthop buckets that belong to a nexthop group
        with a given id
    nhid ID
        show the nexthop buckets that hold a nexthop with a given
        id
    dev DEV
        show the nexthop buckets using the given device
    vrf NAME
        show the nexthop buckets using devices associated with
        the vrf name
    master DEV
        show the nexthop buckets using devices enslaved to given
        master device
ip nexthop bucket get id ID index INDEX
```

get a single nexthop bucket by nexthop group id and bucket index

## **EXAMPLES**

ip nexthop Is

Show all nexthop entries in the kernel.

ip nexthop add id 1 via 192.168.1.1 dev eth0

Adds an IPv4 nexthop with id 1 using the gateway 192.168.1.1 out device eth0.

ip nexthop add id 2 encap mpls 200/300 via 10.1.1.1 dev eth0

Adds an IPv4 nexthop with mpls encapsulation attributes attached to

it.

ip nexthop add id 3 group 1/2

Adds a nexthop with id 3. The nexthop is a group using nexthops with ids 1 and 2 at equal weight.

ip nexthop add id 4 group 1,5/2,11

Adds a nexthop with id 4. The nexthop is a group using nexthops with ids 1 and 2 with nexthop 1 at weight 5 and nexthop 2 at weight 11.

ip nexthop add id 5 via 192.168.1.2 fdb

Adds a fdb nexthop with id 5.

ip nexthop add id 7 group 5/6 fdb

Adds a fdb nexthop group with id 7. A fdb nexthop group can only have fdb nexthops.

ip nexthop add id 10 group 1/2 type resilient buckets 32

Add a resilient nexthop group with id 10 and 32 nexthop buckets.

SEE ALSO

ip(8)

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iproute2

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