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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'futimesat.2' command

\$ man futimesat.2

FUTIMESAT(2) Linux Programmer's Manual FUTIMESAT(2)

NAME

 futimesat - change timestamps of a file relative to a directory file
 descriptor

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <fcntl.h> /* Definition of AT_* constants */  
#include <sys/time.h>  
  
int futimesat(int dirfd, const char *pathname,  
              const struct timeval times[2]);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):

```
    futimesat(): _GNU_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

This system call is obsolete. Use utimensat(2) instead.

The futimesat() system call operates in exactly the same way as utimes(2), except for the differences described in this manual page.

If the pathname given in pathname is relative, then it is interpreted relative to the directory referred to by the file descriptor dirfd (rather than relative to the current working directory of the calling process, as is done by utimes(2) for a relative pathname).

If pathname is relative and dirfd is the special value AT_FDCWD, then pathname is interpreted relative to the current working directory of the calling process (like utimes(2)).

If pathname is absolute, then dirfd is ignored.

RETURN VALUE

On success, `futimesat()` returns a 0. On error, -1 is returned and `errno` is set to indicate the error.

ERRORS

The same errors that occur for `utimes(2)` can also occur for `futimesat()`. The following additional errors can occur for `futimesat()`:

`EBADF` `dirfd` is not a valid file descriptor.

ENOTDIR

`pathname` is relative and `dirfd` is a file descriptor referring to a file other than a directory.

VERSIONS

`futimesat()` was added to Linux in kernel 2.6.16; library support was added to glibc in version 2.4.

CONFORMING TO

This system call is nonstandard. It was implemented from a specification that was proposed for POSIX.1, but that specification was replaced by the one for `utimensat(2)`.

A similar system call exists on Solaris.

NOTES

Glibc notes

If `pathname` is `NULL`, then the glibc `futimesat()` wrapper function updates the times for the file referred to by `dirfd`.

SEE ALSO

`stat(2)`, `utimensat(2)`, `utimes(2)`, `futimes(3)`, `path_resolution(7)`

COLOPHON

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