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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'fmt.1' command

\$ man fmt.1

FMT(1) User Commands FMT(1)

NAME

fmt - simple optimal text formatter

SYNOPSIS

fmt [-WIDTH] [OPTION]... [FILE]...

DESCRIPTION

Reformat each paragraph in the FILE(s), writing to standard output.

The option -WIDTH is an abbreviated form of --width=DIGITS.

With no FILE, or when FILE is -, read standard input.

Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.

-c, --crown-margin

preserve indentation of first two lines

-p, --prefix=STRING

reformat only lines beginning with STRING, reattaching the pre?

fix to reformatted lines

-s, --split-only

split long lines, but do not refill

-t, --tagged-paragraph

indentation of first line different from second

-u, --uniform-spacing

one space between words, two after sentences

-w, --width=WIDTH

maximum line width (default of 75 columns)

-g, --goal=WIDTH

goal width (default of 93% of width)

--help display this help and exit

--version

output version information and exit

AUTHOR

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REPORTING BUGS

GNU coreutils online help: <<https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>>

Report any translation bugs to <<https://translationproject.org/team/>>

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SEE ALSO

Full documentation <<https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/fmt>>

or available locally via: info '(coreutils) fmt invocation'

GNU coreutils 8.32

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