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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'endhostent.3' command

\$ man endhostent.3

GETHOSTBYNAME(3) Linux Programmer's Manual GETHOSTBYNAME(3)

NAME

gethostbyname, gethostbyaddr, sethostent, gethostent, endhostent, h_er?
rno, herror, hstrerror, gethostbyaddr_r, gethostbyname2, gethostby?
name2_r, gethostbyname_r, gethostent_r - get network host entry

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <netdb.h>

extern int h_errno;

struct hostent *gethostbyname(const char *name);

#include <sys/socket.h>    /* for AF_INET */

struct hostent *gethostbyaddr(const void *addr,
                               socklen_t len, int type);

void sethostent(int stayopen);

void endhostent(void);

void herror(const char *s);

const char *hstrerror(int err);

/* System V/POSIX extension */

struct hostent *gethostent(void);

/* GNU extensions */

struct hostent *gethostbyname2(const char *name, int af);

int gethostent_r(
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
```

```

int gethostbyaddr_r(const void *addr, socklen_t len, int type,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
int gethostbyname_r(const char *name,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);
int gethostbyname2_r(const char *name, int af,
    struct hostent *ret, char *buf, size_t buflen,
    struct hostent **result, int *h_errnop);

```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see `feature_test_macros(7)`):

```

gethostbyname2(), gethostent_r(), gethostbyaddr_r(), gethostbyname_r(),
gethostbyname2_r():

```

Since glibc 2.19:

```
_DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

Glibc versions up to and including 2.19:

```
_BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

```

herror(), hstrerror():

```

Since glibc 2.19:

```
_DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

Glibc 2.8 to 2.19:

```
_BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

Before glibc 2.8:

```
none
```

```

h_errno:

```

Since glibc 2.19

```
_DEFAULT_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE < 200809L
```

Glibc 2.12 to 2.19:

```
_BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE < 200809L
```

Before glibc 2.12:

```
none
```

DESCRIPTION

The `gethostbyname*`(), `gethostbyaddr*`(), `herror`(), and `hstrerror`() functions are obsolete. Applications should use `getaddrinfo(3)`, `getname?`

info(3), and gai_strerror(3) instead.

The gethostbyname() function returns a structure of type hostent for the given host name. Here name is either a hostname or an IPv4 address in standard dot notation (as for inet_addr(3)). If name is an IPv4 address, no lookup is performed and gethostbyname() simply copies name into the h_name field and its struct in_addr equivalent into the h_addr_list[0] field of the returned hostent structure. If name doesn't end in a dot and the environment variable HOSTALIASES is set, the alias file pointed to by HOSTALIASES will first be searched for name (see hostname(7) for the file format). The current domain and its parents are searched unless name ends in a dot.

The gethostbyaddr() function returns a structure of type hostent for the given host address addr of length len and address type type. Valid address types are AF_INET and AF_INET6. The host address argument is a pointer to a struct of a type depending on the address type, for example a struct in_addr * (probably obtained via a call to inet_addr(3)) for address type AF_INET.

The sethostent() function specifies, if stayopen is true (1), that a connected TCP socket should be used for the name server queries and that the connection should remain open during successive queries. Otherwise, name server queries will use UDP datagrams.

The endhostent() function ends the use of a TCP connection for name server queries.

The (obsolete) perror() function prints the error message associated with the current value of h_errno on stderr.

The (obsolete) hstrerror() function takes an error number (typically h_errno) and returns the corresponding message string.

The domain name queries carried out by gethostbyname() and gethostbyaddr() rely on the Name Service Switch (nsswitch.conf(5)) configured sources or a local name server (named(8)). The default action is to query the Name Service Switch (nsswitch.conf(5)) configured sources, failing that, a local name server (named(8)).

The `nsswitch.conf(5)` file is the modern way of controlling the order of host lookups.

In glibc 2.4 and earlier, the `order` keyword was used to control the order of host lookups as defined in `/etc/host.conf` (`host.conf(5)`).

The `hostent` structure is defined in `<netdb.h>` as follows:

```
struct hostent {
    char *h_name;          /* official name of host */
    char **h_aliases;     /* alias list */
    int  h_addrtype;      /* host address type */
    int  h_length;        /* length of address */
    char **h_addr_list;   /* list of addresses */
}

#define h_addr h_addr_list[0] /* for backward compatibility */
```

The members of the `hostent` structure are:

`h_name` The official name of the host.

`h_aliases`

An array of alternative names for the host, terminated by a null pointer.

`h_addrtype`

The type of address; always `AF_INET` or `AF_INET6` at present.

`h_length`

The length of the address in bytes.

`h_addr_list`

An array of pointers to network addresses for the host (in network byte order), terminated by a null pointer.

`h_addr` The first address in `h_addr_list` for backward compatibility.

RETURN VALUE

The `gethostbyname()` and `gethostbyaddr()` functions return the `hostent` structure or a null pointer if an error occurs. On error, the `h_errno` variable holds an error number. When non-NULL, the return value may point at static data, see the notes below.

ERRORS

The variable `h_errno` can have the following values:

of `gethostbyaddr()` to be of type `size_t`. (That is wrong, because it has to be `int`, and `size_t` is not. POSIX.1-2001 makes it `socklen_t`, which is OK.) See also `accept(2)`.

The BSD prototype for `gethostbyaddr()` uses `const char *` for the first argument.

System V/POSIX extension

POSIX requires the `gethostent()` call, which should return the next entry to try in the host data base. When using DNS/BIND this does not make much sense, but it may be reasonable if the host data base is a file that can be read line by line. On many systems, a routine of this name reads from the file `/etc/hosts`. It may be available only when the library was built without DNS support. The glibc version will ignore IPv6 entries. This function is not reentrant, and glibc adds a reentrant version `gethostent_r()`.

GNU extensions

Glibc2 also has a `gethostbyname2()` that works like `gethostbyname()`, but permits to specify the address family to which the address must belong. Glibc2 also has reentrant versions `gethostent_r()`, `gethostbyaddr_r()`, `gethostbyname_r()`, and `gethostbyname2_r()`. The caller supplies a hostent structure `ret` which will be filled in on success, and a temporary work buffer `buf` of size `buflen`. After the call, `ret` will point to the result on success. In case of an error or if no entry is found, `ret` will be `NULL`. The functions return 0 on success and a nonzero error number on failure. In addition to the errors returned by the non-reentrant versions of these functions, if `buf` is too small, the functions will return `ERANGE`, and the call should be retried with a larger buffer. The global variable `h_errno` is not modified, but the address of a variable in which to store error numbers is passed in `h_errnop`.

BUGS

`gethostbyname()` does not recognize components of a dotted IPv4 address string that are expressed in hexadecimal.

SEE ALSO

`getaddrinfo(3)`, `getnameinfo(3)`, `inet(3)`, `inet_ntop(3)`, `inet_pton(3)`,

resolver(3), hosts(5), nsswitch.conf(5), hostname(7), named(8)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

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