

Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!

Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'e4crypt.8' command

\$ man e4crypt.8

E4CRYPT(8)

System Manager's Manual

E4CRYPT(8)

NAME

e4crypt - ext4 file system encryption utility

SYNOPSIS

e4crypt add_key -S [-k keyring] [-v] [-q] [-p pad] [path ...]

e4crypt new_session

e4crypt get_policy path ...

e4crypt set policy [-p pad] policy path ...

DESCRIPTION

e4crypt performs encryption management for ext4 file systems.

COMMANDS

e4crypt add_key [-vq] [-S salt] [-k keyring] [-p pad] [path ...]

Prompts the user for a passphrase and inserts it into the speci? fied keyring. If no keyring is specified, e4crypt will use the session keyring if it exists or the user session keyring if it does not.

The salt argument is interpreted in a number of different ways, depending on how its prefix value. If the first two characters are "s:", then the rest of the argument will be used as an text string and used as the salt value. If the first two characters are "0x", then the rest of the argument will be parsed as a hex string as used as the salt. If the first characters are "f:" then the rest of the argument will be interpreted as a filename

from which the salt value will be read. If the string begins with a '/' character, it will similarly be treated as filename.

Finally, if the salt argument can be parsed as a valid UUID, then the UUID value will be used as a salt value.

The keyring argument specifies the keyring to which the key should be added.

The pad value specifies the number of bytes of padding will be added to directory names for obfuscation purposes. Valid pad values are 4, 8, 16, and 32.

If one or more directory paths are specified, e4crypt will try to set the policy of those directories to use the key just added by the add_key command. If a salt was explicitly specified, then it will be used to derive the encryption key of those di? rectories. Otherwise a directory-specific default salt will be used.

e4crypt get_policy path ...

Print the policy for the directories specified on the command line.

e4crypt new_session

Give the invoking process (typically a shell) a new session keyring, discarding its old session keyring.

e4crypt set_policy [-p pad] policy path ...

Sets the policy for the directories specified on the command line. All directories must be empty to set the policy; if the directory already has a policy established, e4crypt will vali? date that the policy matches what was specified. A policy is an encryption key identifier consisting of 16 hexadecimal charac? ters.

AUTHOR

Written by Michael Halcrow <mhalcrow@google.com>, Ildar Muslukhov <mus? lukhovi@gmail.com>, and Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu>

SEE ALSO