



Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'clevis-luks-list.1' command

\$ man clevis-luks-list.1

CLEVIS-LUKS-LIST(1) CLEVIS-LUKS-LIST(1)

NAME

clevis-luks-list - Lists pins bound to a LUKS device

SYNOPSIS

clevis luks list -d DEV [-s SLT]

OVERVIEW

The clevis luks list command list the pins bound to LUKS device. For example:

```
clevis luks list -d /dev/sda1
```

OPTIONS

- ? -d DEV : The LUKS device on which to list bound pins
- ? -s SLT : The slot to use for listing the pin from

EXAMPLES

```
clevis luks list -d /dev/sda1
```

```
1: sss
```

```
{ "t":1, "pins":{ "tang":{ "url":"addr1"},{ "url":"addr2"}}, "tpm2":{ "hash":"sha256", "key":"ecc"}, "sss":{ "t":1, "pins":{ "tang":{ "url":"addr3"} } } }
```

```
2: tang '{ "url":"addr" }'
```

```
3: tpm2 '{ "hash":"sha256", "key":"ecc", "pcr_bank":"sha1", "pcr_ids":"7" }'
```

As we can see in the example above, /dev/sda1 has three slots bound each with a different pin.

- ? Slot #1 is bound with the sss pin, and uses also tang and tpm2 pins in its policy.

? Slot #2 is bound using the tang pin

? Slot #3 is bound with the tpm2 pin

Note that the output of `clevis luks list` can be used with the `clevis luks bind` command, such as:

```
clevis luks bind -d /dev/sda1 tpm2 '{"hash":"sha256","key":"ecc","pcr_bank":"sha1","pcr_ids":"7"}
```

And we will bind another slot with a policy similar to the one we have in slot #3. Also note that if you are interested in a particular slot, you can pass the `-s SLT` argument to `clevis luks list`:

```
clevis luks list -d /dev/sda1 -s 2
```

```
2: tang '{"url":"addr"}
```

In the above example, we listed only the pin bound to slot #2.

SEE ALSO

[clevis-luks-bind\(1\)](#), [clevis-encrypt-tang\(1\)](#), [clevis-encrypt-tpm2\(1\)](#),

[clevis-encrypt-sss\(1\)](#),

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