



*Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!*

## **Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'aio\_error.3' command**

**\$ man aio\_error.3**

AIO\_ERROR(3)      Linux Programmer's Manual      AIO\_ERROR(3)

### NAME

aio\_error - get error status of asynchronous I/O operation

### SYNOPSIS

```
#include <aio.h>
```

```
int aio_error(const struct aiocb *aiocbp);
```

Link with -lrt.

### DESCRIPTION

The `aio_error()` function returns the error status for the asynchronous I/O request with control block pointed to by `aiocbp`. (See `aio(7)` for a description of the `aiocb` structure.)

### RETURN VALUE

This function returns one of the following:

- \* `EINPROGRESS`, if the request has not been completed yet.
- \* `ECANCELED`, if the request was canceled.
- \* `0`, if the request completed successfully.
- \* A positive error number, if the asynchronous I/O operation failed.

This is the same value that would have been stored in the `errno` variable in the case of a synchronous `read(2)`, `write(2)`, `fsync(2)`, or `fdatasync(2)` call.

### ERRORS

`EINVAL` `aiocbp` does not point at a control block for an asynchronous I/O request of which the return status (see `aio_return(3)`) has not

been retrieved yet.

ENOSYS aio\_error() is not implemented.

## VERSIONS

The aio\_error() function is available since glibc 2.1.

## ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see at?

tributes(7).

??

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

??

?aio\_error() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

??

## CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

## EXAMPLES

See aio(7).

## SEE ALSO

aio\_cancel(3), aio\_fsync(3), aio\_read(3), aio\_return(3), aio\_suspend(3), aio\_write(3), lio\_listio(3), aio(7)

## COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

2020-06-09

AIO\_ERROR(3)