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Red Hat Enterprise Linux Release 9.2 Manual Pages on 'acct.5' command

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\$ man acct.5 ACCT(5) Linux Programmer's Manual ACCT(5) NAME acct - process accounting file **SYNOPSIS** #include <sys/acct.h> DESCRIPTION If the kernel is built with the process accounting option enabled (CON? FIG_BSD_PROCESS_ACCT), then calling acct(2) starts process accounting, for example: acct("/var/log/pacct"); When process accounting is enabled, the kernel writes a record to the accounting file as each process on the system terminates. This record contains information about the terminated process, and is defined in <sys/acct.h> as follows: #define ACCT_COMM 16 typedef u_int16_t comp_t; struct acct { char ac_flag; /* Accounting flags */ u_int16_t ac_uid; /* Accounting user ID */ u_int16_t ac_gid; /* Accounting group ID */ u_int16_t ac_tty; /* Controlling terminal */ u_int32_t ac_btime; /* Process creation time (seconds since the Epoch) */

- comp_t ac_utime; /* User CPU time */
- comp_t ac_stime; /* System CPU time */
- comp_t ac_etime; /* Elapsed time */
- comp_t ac_mem; /* Average memory usage (kB) */
- comp_t ac_io; /* Characters transferred (unused) */
- comp_t ac_rw; /* Blocks read or written (unused) */
- comp_t ac_minflt; /* Minor page faults */
- comp_t ac_majflt; /* Major page faults */
- comp_t ac_swaps; /* Number of swaps (unused) */
- u_int32_t ac_exitcode; /* Process termination status

(see wait(2)) */

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char ac_comm[ACCT_COMM+1];
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/* Command name (basename of last

executed command; null-terminated) */

char ac_pad[X]; /* padding bytes */

};

enum {	/* Bits that	may be set in ac_flag field */
AFORK =	= 0x01,	/* Has executed fork, but no exec */
ASU = 0)x02, /	* Used superuser privileges */
ACORE =	= 0x08,	/* Dumped core */
AXSIG =	0x10	/* Killed by a signal */

};

The comp_t data type is a floating-point value consisting of a 3-bit, base-8 exponent, and a 13-bit mantissa. A value, c, of this type can be converted to a (long) integer as follows:

v = (c & 0x1fff) << (((c >> 13) & 0x7) * 3);

The ac_utime, ac_stime, and ac_etime fields measure time in "clock ticks"; divide these values by sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK) to convert them to seconds.

Version 3 accounting file format

Since kernel 2.6.8, an optional alternative version of the accounting file can be produced if the CONFIG_BSD_PROCESS_ACCT_V3 option is set when building the kernel. With this option is set, the records written

to the accounting file contain additional fields, and the width of c_uid and ac_gid fields is widened from 16 to 32 bits (in line with the increased size of UID and GIDs in Linux 2.4 and later). The records are defined as follows:

- struct acct_v3 {
 - char ac_flag; /* Flags */
 - char ac_version; /* Always set to ACCT_VERSION (3) */
 - u_int16_t ac_tty; /* Controlling terminal */
 - u_int32_t ac_exitcode; /* Process termination status */
 - u_int32_t ac_uid; /* Real user ID */
 - u_int32_t ac_gid; /* Real group ID */
 - u_int32_t ac_pid; /* Process ID */
 - u_int32_t ac_ppid; /* Parent process ID */
 - u_int32_t ac_btime; /* Process creation time */
 - float ac_etime; /* Elapsed time */
 - comp_t ac_utime; /* User CPU time */
 - comp_t ac_stime; /* System time */
 - comp_t ac_mem; /* Average memory usage (kB) */
 - comp_t ac_io; /* Characters transferred (unused) */
 - comp_t ac_rw; /* Blocks read or written

(unused) */

- comp_t ac_minflt; /* Minor page faults */
- comp_t ac_majflt; /* Major page faults */
- comp_t ac_swaps; /* Number of swaps (unused) */
- char ac_comm[ACCT_COMM]; /* Command name */

VERSIONS

The acct_v3 structure is defined in glibc since version 2.6.

CONFORMING TO

Process accounting originated on BSD. Although it is present on most

systems, it is not standardized, and the details vary somewhat between

systems.

^{};}

Records in the accounting file are ordered by termination time of the process.

In kernels up to and including 2.6.9, a separate accounting record is written for each thread created using the NPTL threading library; since Linux 2.6.10, a single accounting record is written for the entire process on termination of the last thread in the process. The /proc/sys/kernel/acct file, described in proc(5), defines settings that control the behavior of process accounting when disk space runs

low.

SEE ALSO

lastcomm(1), acct(2), accton(8), sa(8)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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