# MyWebUniversity \*







Full credit is given to the above companies including the OS that this PDF file was generated!

## PowerShell Get-Help on command 'Get-Random'

## PS C:\Users\wahid> Get-Help Get-Random

NAME

Get-Random

## **SYNOPSIS**

Gets a random number, or selects objects randomly from a collection.

## **SYNTAX**

Get-Random [-InputObject] <System.Object[]> [-Count <System.Int32>] [-SetSeed <System.Nullable`1[System.Int32]>] [<CommonParameters>]

Get-Random [[-Maximum] <System.Object>] [-Minimum <System.Object>] [-SetSeed <System.Nullable`1[System.Int32]>] [<CommonParameters>]

#### DESCRIPTION

The `Get-Random` cmdlet gets a randomly selected number. If you submit a collection of objects to `Get-Random`, it gets one or more randomly selected objects from the collection.

selected 32-bit unsigned integer between 0 (zero) and `[int32]::MaxValue`.

You can use the parameters of `Get-Random` to specify the minimum and maximum values, the number of objects returned from a collection, or a seed number.

> [!CAUTION] > `Get-Random` doesn't ensure cryptographically secure randomness. The seed value is used for the > current command and for all subsequent `Get-Random` commands in the current session until you use > SetSeed again or close the session. You can't reset the seed to its default value. > Deliberately setting the seed results in non-random, repeatable behavior. It should only be used > when trying to reproduce behavior, such as when debugging or analyzing a script that includes > `Get-Random` commands. Be aware that the seed value could be set by other code in the same > session, such as an imported module. > PowerShell 7.4 includes `Get-SecureRandom`, which ensures cryptographically secure randomness.

#### **PARAMETERS**

-Count <System.Int32>

Specifies the number of random objects to return. The default is 1.

When used with 'InputObject' containing a collection:

- Each randomly selected item is returned only once.
- If the value of Count exceeds the number of objects in the collection, all objects in the collection are returned in random order.
- -InputObject <System.Object[]>

Specifies a collection of objects. `Get-Random` gets randomly selected objects in random order from the collection up to the number specified by Count . Enter the objects, a variable that contains the objects, or a command or expression that gets the objects. You can also pipe a

collection of objects to `Get-Random`.

# -Maximum <System.Object>

Specifies a maximum value for the random number. `Get-Random` returns a value that's less than the maximum (not equal). Enter an integer, a double-precision floating-point number, or an object that can be converted to an integer or double, such as a numeric string ("100").

The value of Maximum must be greater than (not equal to) the value of Minimum. If the value of Maximum or Minimum is a floating-point number, `Get-Random` returns a randomly selected floating-point number.

On a 64-bit computer, if the value of Minimum is a 32-bit integer, the default value of Maximum is Int32.MaxValue.

If the value of Minimum is a double (a floating-point number), the default value of Maximum is Double.MaxValue . Otherwise, the default value is Int32.MaxValue .

## -Minimum <System.Object>

Specifies a minimum value for the random number. Enter an integer, a double-precision floating-point number, or an object that can be converted to an integer or double, such as a numeric string ("100"). The default value is 0 (zero).

The value of Minimum must be less than (not equal to) the value of Maximum

. If the value of Maximum or Minimum is a floating-point number,

`Get-Random` returns a randomly selected floating-point number.

## -SetSeed <System.Nullable`1[System.Int32]>

Specifies a seed value for the random number generator. When you use SetSeed, the cmdlet generates pseudorandom numbers, which isn't cryptographically secure.

> [!CAUTION] > Setting the seed results in non-random behavior. It should only be used when trying to reproduce > behavior, such as when debugging or analyzing a script that includes `Get-Random` commands. > > This seed value is used for the current command and for all subsequent `Get-Random` commands in > the current session until you use SetSeed again or close the session. You can't reset the seed > to its default value.

## <CommonParameters>

This cmdlet supports the common parameters: Verbose, Debug,
ErrorAction, ErrorVariable, WarningAction, WarningVariable,
OutBuffer, PipelineVariable, and OutVariable. For more information, see
about\_CommonParameters (https:/go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=113216).

----- Example 1: Get a random integer ------

Get-Random

3951433

----- Example 2: Get a random integer between 0 and 99 ------

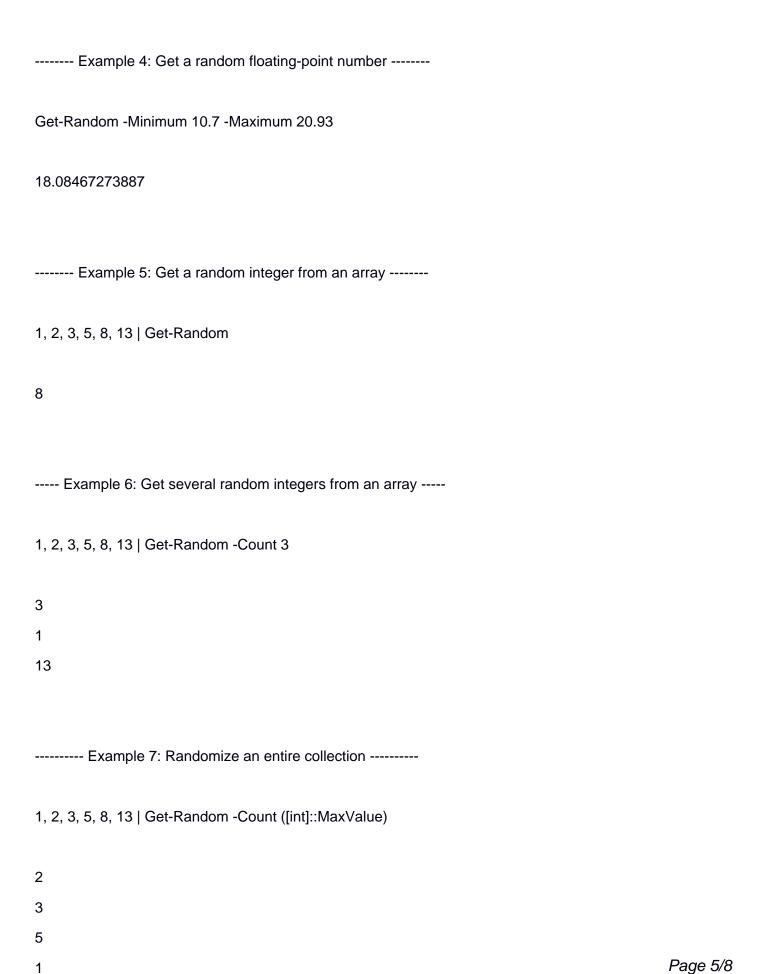
Get-Random - Maximum 100

47

----- Example 3: Get a random integer between -100 and 99 -----

Get-Random - Minimum - 100 - Maximum 100

56 Page 4/8



----- Example 8: Get a random non-numeric value ------"red", "yellow", "blue" | Get-Random yellow ----- Example 9: Use the SetSeed parameter ------# Commands with the default seed are pseudorandom Get-Random -Maximum 100 -SetSeed 23 Get-Random - Maximum 100 Get-Random -Maximum 100 Get-Random -Maximum 100 32 25 93 95 # Commands with the same seed aren't random Get-Random - Maximum 100 - Set Seed 23 Get-Random -Maximum 100 -SetSeed 23 Get-Random - Maximum 100 - Set Seed 23

32

32

32

# SetSeed results in a repeatable series
Get-Random -Maximum 100 -SetSeed 23
Get-Random -Maximum 100
Get-Random -Maximum 100
Get-Random -Maximum 100
32
25
93
95
Example 10: Get random files
\$Files = Get-ChildItem -Path C:\* -Recurse
\$Sample = \$Files   Get-Random -Count 50
Example 11: Roll fair dice
11200   ForEach-Object {
16   Get-Random
}   Group-Object   Select-Object Name,Count
Name Count
1 206
2 199
3 196
4 226
5 185
6 188

# **REMARKS**

To see the examples, type: "get-help Get-Random -examples".

For more information, type: "get-help Get-Random -detailed".

For technical information, type: "get-help Get-Random -full".

For online help, type: "get-help Get-Random -online"