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PowerShell

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PowerShell Get-Help on command 'Enable-PSSessionConfiguration'

PS C:\Users\wahid> Get-Help Enable-PSSessionConfiguration

NAME

Enable-PSSessionConfiguration

SYNOPSIS

Enables the session configurations on the local computer.

SYNTAX

```
Enable-PSSessionConfiguration [[-Name] <System.String[]>] [-Force]
[-NoServiceRestart] [-SecurityDescriptorSddl <System.String>]
[-SkipNetworkProfileCheck] [-Confirm] [-WhatIf] [<CommonParameters>]
```

DESCRIPTION

The `Enable-PSSessionConfiguration` cmdlet enables registered session configurations that have been disabled, such as by using the `Disable-PSSessionConfiguration` or `Disable-PSRemoting` cmdlets, or the AccessMode parameter of `Register-PSSessionConfiguration`. This is an advanced cmdlet that is designed to be used by system administrators to manage customized session configurations for their users.

Without parameters, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` enables the `Microsoft.PowerShell` configuration, which is the default configuration that is used for sessions.

``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` removes the `Deny_All` setting from the security descriptor of the affected session configurations, turns on the listener that accepts requests on any IP address, and restarts the WinRM service. Beginning in PowerShell 3.0, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` also sets the value of the `Enabled` property of the session configuration (``WSMan:<computer>\PlugIn<SessionConfigurationName>\Enabled``) to `True`. However, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` does not remove or change the `Network_Deny_All` (``AccessMode=Local``) security descriptor setting that allows only users of the local computer to use to the session configuration.

PARAMETERS

`-Force <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>`

Indicates that the cmdlet does not prompt you for confirmation, and restarts the WinRM service without prompting. Restarting the service makes the configuration change effective.

To prevent a restart and suppress the restart prompt, use the `NoServiceRestart` parameter.

`-Name <System.String[]>`

Specifies the names of session configurations to enable. Enter one or more configuration names. Wildcard characters are permitted.

You can also pipe a string that contains a configuration name or a session configuration object to ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration``.

If you omit this parameter, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` enables the `Microsoft.PowerShell` session configuration.

`-NoServiceRestart <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>`

Indicates that the cmdlet does not restart the service.

`-SecurityDescriptorSddl <System.String>`

Specifies a security descriptor with which this cmdlet replaces the security descriptor on the session configuration.

If you omit this parameter, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` only deletes the deny all item from the security descriptor.

`-SkipNetworkProfileCheck <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>`

Indicates that this cmdlet enables the session configuration when the computer is on a public network. This parameter enables a firewall rule for public networks that allows remote access only from computers in the same local subnet. By default, ``Enable-PSSessionConfiguration`` fails on a public network.

This parameter is designed for client versions of the Windows operating system. Server versions of the Windows operating system have a local subnet firewall rule for public networks. However, if the local subnet firewall rule is disabled on a server version of the Windows operating system, this parameter re-enables it.

To remove the local subnet restriction and enable remote access from all locations on public networks, use the ``Set-NetFirewallRule`` cmdlet in the NetSecurity module. For more information, see ``Enable-PSRemoting``.

This parameter was introduced in PowerShell 3.0.

`-Confirm <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>`

Prompts you for confirmation before running the cmdlet.

-WhatIf <System.Management.Automation.SwitchParameter>

Shows what would happen if the cmdlet runs. The cmdlet is not run.

<CommonParameters>

This cmdlet supports the common parameters: Verbose, Debug, ErrorAction, ErrorVariable, WarningAction, WarningVariable, OutBuffer, PipelineVariable, and OutVariable. For more information, see about_CommonParameters (<https://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkID=113216>).

----- Example 1: Re-enable the default session -----

Enable-PSSessionConfiguration

----- Example 2: Re-enable specified sessions -----

Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -Name MaintenanceShell, AdminShell

----- Example 3: Re-enable the all sessions -----

Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -Name *

Get-PSSessionConfiguration | Enable-PSSessionConfiguration

`Enable-PSSessionConfiguration` does not generate an error if you enable a session configuration that is already enabled.

Example 4: Re-enable a session and specify a new security descriptor

```
$sddl = "O:NSG:BAD:P(A;;GXGWGR;;;BA)(A;;GAGR;;;S-1-5-21-123456789-188441444-310  
0496)S:P"
```

Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -Name MaintenanceShell -SecurityDescriptorSDDL

\$sddl

REMARKS

To see the examples, type: "get-help Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -examples".

For more information, type: "get-help Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -detailed".

For technical information, type: "get-help Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -full".

For online help, type: "get-help Enable-PSSessionConfiguration -online"