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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'taskset.1'

\$ man taskset.1

TASKSET(1)

User Commands

TASKSET(1)

NAME

taskset - set or retrieve a process's CPU affinity

SYNOPSIS

taskset [options] mask command [argument...]

taskset [options] -p [mask] pid

DESCRIPTION

The taskset command is used to set or retrieve the CPU affinity of a running process given its pid, or to launch a new command with a given CPU affinity. CPU affinity is a scheduler property that "bonds" a process to a given set of CPUs on the system. The Linux scheduler will honor the given CPU affinity and the process will not run on any other CPUs. Note that the Linux scheduler also supports natural CPU affinity: the scheduler attempts to keep processes on the same CPU as long as practical for performance reasons. Therefore, forcing a specific CPU affinity is useful only in certain applications.

The CPU affinity is represented as a bitmask, with the lowest order bit corresponding to the first logical CPU and the highest order bit corresponding to the last logical CPU. Not all CPUs may exist on a given system but a mask may specify more CPUs than are present. A retrieved mask will reflect only the bits that correspond to CPUs physically on the system. If an invalid mask is given (i.e., one that corresponds to no valid CPUs on the current system) an error is returned. The masks may be specified in hexadecimal (with or without a leading "0x"), or as a CPU list with the --cpu-list option. For example, 0x00000001

is processor #0, Page 1/3

```
0x0000003
      is processors #0 and #1,
    0xFFFFFFF
      is processors #0 through #31,
    32
      is processors #1, #4, and #5,
    --cpu-list 0-2,6
      is processors #0, #1, #2, and #6.
    --cpu-list 0-10:2
      is processors #0, #2, #4, #6, #8 and #10. The suffix ":N" specifies stride in the
      range, for example 0-10:3 is interpreted as 0,3,6,9 list.
    When taskset returns, it is guaranteed that the given program has been scheduled to a
    legal CPU.
OPTIONS
    -a, --all-tasks
      Set or retrieve the CPU affinity of all the tasks (threads) for a given PID.
    -c, --cpu-list
      Interpret mask as numerical list of processors instead of a bitmask. Numbers are
      separated by commas and may include ranges. For example: 0,5,8-11.
    -p, --pid
      Operate on an existing PID and do not launch a new task.
    -V, --version
      Display version information and exit.
    -h, --help
      Display help text and exit.
USAGE
    The default behavior is to run a new command with a given affinity mask:
      taskset mask command [arguments]
    You can also retrieve the CPU affinity of an existing task:
      taskset -p pid
    Or set it:
      taskset -p mask pid
```

PERMISSIONS Page 2/3

A user can change the CPU affinity of a process belonging to the same user. A user must possess CAP_SYS_NICE to change the CPU affinity of a process belonging to another user. A user can retrieve the affinity mask of any process.

AUTHORS

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SEE ALSO

chrt(1), nice(1), renice(1), sched_getaffinity(2), sched_setaffinity(2)
See sched(7) for a description of the Linux scheduling scheme.

REPORTING BUGS

For bug reports, use the issue tracker at https://github.com/karelzak/util-linux/issues.

AVAILABILITY

The taskset command is part of the util-linux package which can be downloaded from Linux Kernel Archive https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/.

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