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# Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys.1'

# \$ man sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys.1

SSS\_SSH\_AUTHORIZEDKE(1)

SSSD Manual pages

SSS\_SSH\_AUTHORIZEDKE(1)

NAME

sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys - get OpenSSH authorized keys

#### SYNOPSIS

sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys [options] USER

### DESCRIPTION

sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys acquires SSH public keys for user USER and outputs them in OpenSSH

authorized\_keys format (see the ?AUTHORIZED\_KEYS FILE FORMAT? section of sshd(8) for more information).

sshd(8) can be configured to use sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys for public key user authentication

if it is compiled with support for ?AuthorizedKeysCommand? option. Please refer to the

sshd\_config(5) man page for more details about this option.

If ?AuthorizedKeysCommand? is supported, sshd(8) can be configured to use it by putting

the following directives in sshd\_config(5):

AuthorizedKeysCommand /usr/bin/sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys

AuthorizedKeysCommandUser nobody

#### **KEYS FROM CERTIFICATES**

In addition to the public SSH keys for user USER sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys can return public

SSH keys derived from the public key of a X.509 certificate as well.

To enable this the ?ssh\_use\_certificate\_keys? option must be set to true (default) in the

[ssh] section of sssd.conf. If the user entry contains certificates (see

?ldap\_user\_certificate? in sssd-ldap(5) for details) or there is a certificate in an

override entry for the user (see sss\_override(8) or sssd-ipa(5) for details) and the

certificate is valid SSSD will extract the public key from the certificate and convert it into the format expected by sshd.

Besides ?ssh\_use\_certificate\_keys? the options

? ca\_db

- ? p11\_child\_timeout
- ? certificate\_verification

can be used to control how the certificates are validated (see sssd.conf(5) for details). The validation is the benefit of using X.509 certificates instead of SSH keys directly because e.g. it gives a better control of the lifetime of the keys. When the ssh client is configured to use the private keys from a Smartcard with the help of a PKCS#11 shared library (see ssh(1) for details) it might be irritating that authentication is still working even if the related X.509 certificate on the Smartcard is already expired because neither ssh nor sshd will look at the certificate at all. It has to be noted that the derived public SSH key can still be added to the

authorized\_keys file of the user to bypass the certificate validation if the sshd configuration permits this.

## OPTIONS

#### -d,--domain DOMAIN

Search for user public keys in SSSD domain DOMAIN.

#### -?,--help

Display help message and exit.

#### EXIT STATUS

In case of success, an exit value of 0 is returned. Otherwise, 1 is returned.

# SEE ALSO

sssd(8), sssd.conf(5), sssd-ldap(5), sssd-krb5(5), sssd-simple(5), sssd-ipa(5), sssd-

ad(5), sssd-files(5), sssd-sudo(5), sssd-session-recording(5), sss\_cache(8),

sss\_debuglevel(8), sss\_obfuscate(8), sss\_seed(8), sssd\_krb5\_locator\_plugin(8),

sss\_ssh\_authorizedkeys(8), sss\_ssh\_knownhostsproxy(8), sssd-ifp(5), pam\_sss(8).

sss\_rpcidmapd(5) sssd-systemtap(5)

# AUTHORS

The SSSD upstream - https://github.com/SSSD/sssd/