

Full credit is given to the above companies including the Operating System (OS) that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'sg_sat_phy_event.8'

\$ man sg_sat_phy_event.8

SG_SAT_PHY_EVENT(8)

SG3_UTILS

SG_SAT_PHY_EVENT(8)

NAME

sg_sat_phy_event - use ATA READ LOG EXT via a SAT pass-through to fetch SATA phy event

counters

SYNOPSIS

sg_sat_phy_event [--ck_cond] [--extend] [--help] [--hex] [--ignore] [--len={16|12}]

[--raw] [--reset] [--verbose] [--version] DEVICE

DESCRIPTION

This utility sends an ATA READ LOG EXT with the log page ("address") set to 11h to DEVICE and outputs the response. Log page 11h is defined in the SATA 2.5 standard and contains phy event counters. Rather than send this command directly to the DEVICE, are sent via a SCSI transport which is assumed to contain a SCSI to ATA Translation (SAT) Layer (SATL). The SATL may be in an operating system driver, in host bus adapter firmware or in some ex? ternal enclosure.

The SAT standard (SAT ANSI INCITS 431-2007, prior draft: sat-r09.pdf at www.t10.org) de? fines two SCSI "ATA PASS-THROUGH" commands: one using a 16 byte "cdb" and the other with a

12 byte cdb. This utility defaults to using the 16 byte cdb variant. SAT-2 is also a stan?

dard: SAT-2 ANSI INCITS 465-2010 and the draft prior to that is sat2r09.pdf . The SAT-3

project has started and the most recent draft is sat3r01.pdf .

OPTIONS

Arguments to long options are mandatory for short options as well.

-c, --ck_cond

(i.e. 0). When set the SATL should yield a sense buffer containing a ATA Result de? scriptor irrespective of whether the command succeeded or failed. When clear the SATL should only yield a sense buffer containing a ATA Result descriptor if the command failed.

-e, --extend

sets the EXTEND bit in the ATA PASS-THROUGH SCSI cdb. The default setting is clear (i.e. 0). When set a 48 bit LBA command is sent to the device. This option has no effect when --len=12.

-h, --help

outputs the usage message summarizing command line options then exits. Ignores DE? VICE if given.

-H, --hex

outputs the ATA READ LOG EXT response in hex. The default action (i.e. without any '-H' options) is to output the response in hex, grouped in 16 bit words (i.e. the ATA standard's preference). When given once, the response is output in ASCII hex bytes (i.e. the SCSI standard's preference). When given twice (i.e. '-HH') the out? put is in hex, grouped in 16 bit words, the same as the default but without a header.

-i, --ignore

usually the phy counter identifier names are decoded. When this option is given, the numeric value of the identifier is output, the vendor flag, the data length (in bytes) and the corresponding value.

-l, --len={16|12}

this is the length of the SCSI cdb used for the ATA PASS-THROUGH commands. The ar? gument can either be 16 or 12. The default is 16. The larger cdb size is needed for 48 bit LBA addressing of ATA devices. On the other hand some SCSI transports cannot convey SCSI commands longer than 12 bytes.

-r, --raw

output the ATA READ LOG EXT response in binary. The output should be piped to a file or another utility when this option is used. The binary is sent to stdout, and errors are sent to stderr.

-R, --reset

reset the counters after the current values are returned, decoded and displayed.

-v, --verbose

increases the level or verbosity.

-V, --version

print out version string

NOTES

The SCSI ATA PASS-THROUGH (12) command's opcode is 0xa1 and it clashes with the MMC set's BLANK command used by cd/dvd writers. So a SATL in front of an ATAPI device that uses MMC (i.e. has peripheral device type 5) probably should treat opcode 0xa1 as a BLANK command and send it through to the cd/dvd drive. The ATA PASS-THROUGH (16) command's opcode (0x85) does not clash with anything so it is a better choice.

In the 2.4 series of Linux kernels the DEVICE must be a SCSI generic (sg) device. In the 2.6 series block devices (e.g. disks and ATAPI DVDs) can also be specified. For example "sg_inq /dev/sda" will work in the 2.6 series kernels. From lk 2.6.6 other SCSI "char" de? vice names may be used as well (e.g. "/dev/st0m"). Prior to lk 2.6.29 USB mass storage limited sense data to 18 bytes which made the --ck_cond option yield strange (truncated) results.

EXIT STATUS

The exit status of sg_sat_identify is 0 when it is successful. Otherwise see the sg3_utils(8) man page.

AUTHOR

Written by Douglas Gilbert

REPORTING BUGS

Report bugs to <dgilbert at interlog dot com>.

COPYRIGHT

Copyright ? 2006-2020 Douglas Gilbert

This software is distributed under a FreeBSD license. There is NO warranty; not even for

MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

SEE ALSO

sg_sat_identify,sg_sat_read_gplog(sg3_utils), smp_rep_phy_err_log(smp_utils),sdparm(sd? parm),hdparm(hdparm)

sg3_utils-1.46 July 2020 SG_SAT_PHY_EVENT(8)