



Full credit is given to the above companies including the Operating System (OS) that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'qfcvt_r.3'

\$ man qfcvt_r.3

ECVT_R(3) Linux Programmer's Manual ECVT_R(3)

NAME

ecvt_r, fcvt_r, qecvt_r, qfcvt_r - convert a floating-point number to a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>

int ecvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
           int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);

int fcvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
           int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);

int qecvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
            int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);

int qfcvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
            int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature_test_macros(7)):

```
ecvt_r(), fcvt_r(), qecvt_r(), qfcvt_r():

/* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE

|| /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _SVID_SOURCE || _BSD_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

The functions `ecvt_r()`, `fcvt_r()`, `qecvt_r()`, and `qfcvt_r()` are identical to `ecvt(3)`, `fcvt(3)`, `qecvt(3)`, and `qfcvt(3)`, respectively, except that they do not return their result in a static buffer, but instead use the supplied `buf` of size `len`. See `ecvt(3)` and `qecvt(3)`.

RETURN VALUE

These functions return 0 on success, and -1 otherwise.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

??

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

??

?ecvt_r(), fcvt_r(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

?qecvt_r(), qfcvt_r() ? ? ?

??

CONFORMING TO

These functions are GNU extensions.

NOTES

These functions are obsolete. Instead, sprintf(3) is recommended.

SEE ALSO

ecvt(3), qecvt(3), sprintf(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.