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# Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'pam\_limits.8'

\$ man pam\_limits.8

PAM\_LIMITS(8)

Linux-PAM Manual

PAM\_LIMITS(8)

NAME

pam\_limits - PAM module to limit resources

### **SYNOPSIS**

pam\_limits.so [conf=/path/to/limits.conf] [debug] [set\_all] [utmp\_early] [noaudit]

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The pam\_limits PAM module sets limits on the system resources that can be obtained in a user-session. Users of uid=0 are affected by this limits, too.

By default limits are taken from the /etc/security/limits.conf config file. Then individual \*.conf files from the /etc/security/limits.d/ directory are read. The files are parsed one after another in the order of "C" locale. The effect of the individual files is the same as if all the files were concatenated together in the order of parsing. If a config file is explicitly specified with a module option then the files in the above directory are not parsed.

The module must not be called by a multithreaded application.

If Linux PAM is compiled with audit support the module will report when it denies access based on limit of maximum number of concurrent login sessions.

#### **OPTIONS**

conf=/path/to/limits.conf

Indicate an alternative limits.conf style configuration file to override the default.

debug

Print debug information.

set\_all

Set the limits for which no value is specified in the configuration file to the one from the process with the PID 1. Please note that if the init process is systemd these limits will not be the kernel default limits and this option should not be used.

utmp\_early

Some broken applications actually allocate a utmp entry for the user before the user is admitted to the system. If some of the services you are configuring PAM for do this, you can selectively use this module argument to compensate for this behavior and at the same time maintain system-wide consistency with a single limits.conf file.

noaudit

Do not report exceeded maximum logins count to the audit subsystem.

#### MODULE TYPES PROVIDED

Only the session module type is provided.

### **RETURN VALUES**

PAM ABORT

Cannot get current limits.

PAM\_IGNORE

No limits found for this user.

PAM\_PERM\_DENIED Page 2/4

New limits could not be set.

# PAM\_SERVICE\_ERR

Cannot read config file.

### PAM\_SESSION\_ERR

Error recovering account name.

## PAM\_SUCCESS

Limits were changed.

## PAM\_USER\_UNKNOWN

The user is not known to the system.

### **FILES**

/etc/security/limits.conf

Default configuration file

### **EXAMPLES**

For the services you need resources limits (login for example) put a the following line in /etc/pam.d/login as the last line for that service (usually after the pam\_unix session line):

#%PAM-1.0

#

# Resource limits imposed on login sessions via pam\_limits

#

session required pam\_limits.so

Replace "login" for each service you are using this module.

## SEE ALSO

# **AUTHORS**

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Linux-PAM Manual

06/08/2020

PAM\_LIMITS(8)