

# Full credit is given to the above companies including the Operating System (OS) that this PDF file was generated!

# Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'multipath.8'

# \$ man multipath.8

MULTIPATH(8)

System Manager's Manual

MULTIPATH(8)

#### NAME

multipath - Device mapper target autoconfig.

# SYNOPSIS

multipath [-v level] [-B|-d|-i|-q|-r] [-b file] [-p policy] [device]

multipath [-v level] [-R retries] -f device

multipath [-v level] [-R retries] -F

multipath [-v level] [-l|-ll] [device]

multipath [-v level] [-a|-w] device

multipath [-v level] -W

multipath [-v level] [-i] [-c|-C] device

multipath [-v level] [-i] [-u|-U]

multipath [-h|-t|-T]

# DESCRIPTION

multipath is used to detect and coalesce multiple paths to devices, for fail-over or per?

formance reasons.

#### ARGUMENTS

The device argument restricts multipath's operation to devices matching the given expres? sion. The argument may refer either to a multipath map or to its components ("paths"). The expression may be in one of the following formats:

device node file name of a device node, e.g. /dev/dm-10 or /dev/sda. If the node refers

to an existing device mapper device representing a multipath map, this se?

lects the map or its paths, depending on the operation mode. Otherwise, it

selects a path device.

- device ID kernel device number specified by major:minor numbers, e.g. 65:16. This for? mat can only be used for path devices.
- WWID a World Wide Identifier matching a multipath map or its paths. To list WWIDs
  of devices present in the system, use e.g. the command "multipath -d -v3
  2>/dev/null".

#### **OPERATION MODES**

The default operation mode is to detect and set up multipath maps from the devices found in the system. Other operation modes are chosen by using one of the following command line switches:

- -f Flush (remove) a multipath device map specified as parameter, if unused. This oper? ation is delegated to the multipathd daemon if it's running.
- -F Flush (remove) all unused multipath device maps. This operation is delegated to the multipathd daemon if it's running.
- -I Show ("list") the current multipath topology from information fetched in sysfs and the device mapper.
- -II Show ("list") the current multipath topology from all available information (sysfs, the device mapper, path checkers ...).
- -a Add the WWID for the specified device to the WWIDs file.
- -w Remove the WWID for the specified device from the WWIDs file.
- -W Reset the WWIDs file to only include the current multipath devices.
- -c Check if a block device should be a path in a multipath device.
- -C Check if a multipath device has usable paths. This can be used to test whether or not I/O on this device is likely to succeed. The command itself doesn't attempt to do I/O on the device.
- -u Check if the device specified in the program environment should be a path in a mul? tipath device.
- -U Check if the device specified in the program environment is a multipath device with usable paths. See -C.
- -h Print usage text.
- -t Display the currently used multipathd configuration.
- -T Display the currently used multipathd configuration, limiting the output to those devices actually present in the system. This can be used a template for creating

multipath.conf.

#### OPTIONS

-v level

Verbosity of information printed to stdout in default and "list" operation modes. The default level is -v 2.

- 0 Nothing is printed.
- In default mode, Names/WWIDs of created or modified multipath maps are printed. In list mode, WWIDs of all multipath maps are printed.
- 2 In default mode, Topology of created or modified multipath maps is printed. In list mode, topology of all multipath maps is printed.
- 3 All detected paths and the topology of all multipath maps are printed.

The verbosity level also controls the level of log and debug messages printed to stderr. The default level corresponds to LOG\_NOTICE (important messages that shouldn't be missed in normal operation).

- -d Dry run, do not create or update devmaps.
- -e Enable all foreign libraries. This overrides the enable\_foreign option from multi? path.conf(5).
- -i Ignore WWIDs file when processing devices. If find\_multipaths strict or find\_multi? paths no is set in multipath.conf, multipath only considers devices that are listed in the WWIDs file. This option overrides that behavior. For other values of find\_multipaths, this option has no effect. See the description of find\_multipaths in multipath.conf(5). This option should only be used in rare circumstances.
- -B Treat the bindings file as read only.

#### -b file

Set user\_friendly\_names bindings file location. The default is /etc/multipath/bind? ings.

-q Don't unset the device mapper feature queue\_if\_no\_path for multipath maps. Nor? mally, multipath would do so if multipathd is not running, because only a running multipath daemon guarantees that unusable paths are reinstated when they become us? able again. Force new maps to use the specified policy, overriding the configuration in multi? path.conf(5). The possible values for policy are the same as the values for path\_grouping\_policy in multipath.conf(5). Existing maps are not modified.

- -r Force a reload of all existing multipath maps. This command is delegated to the multipathd daemon if it's running. In this case, other command line switches of the multipath command have no effect.
- -R retries

Number of times to retry flushing multipath devices that are in use. The default is

0.

# SEE ALSO

multipathd(8), multipath.conf(5), kpartx(8), udev(8), dmsetup(8), hotplug(8).

#### AUTHORS

multipath-tools was developed by Christophe Varoqui <christophe.varoqui@opensvc.com> and others.

Linux 2018-10-10 MULTIPATH(8)