

Full credit is given to the above companies including the Operating System (OS) that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'mdig.1'

\$ man mdig.1

MDIG(1)

BIND 9

MDIG(1)

NAME

mdig - DNS pipelined lookup utility

SYNOPSIS

mdig {@server} [-f filename] [-h] [-v] [[-4] | [-6]] [-m] [-b address] [-p port#] [-c class] [-t type] [-i] [-x addr] [plusopt...]
mdig {-h}
mdig [@server] {global-opt...} { {local-opt...} {query} ...}

DESCRIPTION

mdig is a multiple/pipelined query version of dig: instead of waiting for a response after sending each query, it begins by sending all queries. Responses are displayed in the order in which they are received, not in the order the corresponding queries were sent.

mdig options are a subset of the dig options, and are divided into "anywhere options," which can occur anywhere, "global options," which must occur before the query name (or they are ignored with a warning), and "local options," which apply to the next query on the command line.

The @server option is a mandatory global option. It is the name or IP address of the name server to query. (Unlike dig, this value is not retrieved from /etc/resolv.conf.) It can be an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation, an IPv6 address in colon-delimited nota? tion, or a hostname. When the supplied server argument is a hostname, mdig resolves that name before querying the name server.

mdig provides a number of query options which affect the way in which lookups are made and the results displayed. Some of these set or reset flag bits in the query header, some de?

termine which sections of the answer get printed, and others determine the timeout and retry strategies.

Each query option is identified by a keyword preceded by a plus sign (+). Some keywords set or reset an option. These may be preceded by the string no to negate the meaning of that keyword. Other keywords assign values to options like the timeout interval. They have the form +keyword=value.

ANYWHERE OPTIONS

- -f This option makes mdig operate in batch mode by reading a list of lookup requests to process from the file filename. The file contains a number of queries, one per line. Each entry in the file should be organized in the same way they would be pre? sented as queries to mdig using the command-line interface.
- -h This option causes mdig to print detailed help information, with the full list of options, and exit.
- -v This option causes mdig to print the version number and exit.

GLOBAL OPTIONS

- -4 This option forces mdig to only use IPv4 query transport.
- -6 This option forces mdig to only use IPv6 query transport.

-b address

This option sets the source IP address of the query to address. This must be a valid address on one of the host's network interfaces or "0.0.0.0" or "::". An op? tional port may be specified by appending "#<port>"

-m This option enables memory usage debugging.

-p port#

This option is used when a non-standard port number is to be queried. port# is the port number that mdig sends its queries to, instead of the standard DNS port number 53. This option is used to test a name server that has been configured to listen for queries on a non-standard port number.

The global query options are:

+additional, +noadditional

This option displays [or does not display] the additional section of a reply. The default is to display it.

+all, +noall

This option sets or clears all display flags.

+answer, +noanswer

This option displays [or does not display] the answer section of a reply. The de? fault is to display it.

+authority, +noauthority

This option displays [or does not display] the authority section of a reply. The default is to display it.

+besteffort, +nobesteffort

This option attempts to display [or does not display] the contents of messages which are malformed. The default is to not display malformed answers.

+burst This option delays queries until the start of the next second.

+cl, +nocl

This option displays [or does not display] the CLASS when printing the record.

+comments, +nocomments

This option toggles the display of comment lines in the output. The default is to print comments.

+continue, +nocontinue

This option toggles continuation on errors (e.g. timeouts).

+crypto, +nocrypto

This option toggles the display of cryptographic fields in DNSSEC records. The con? tents of these fields are unnecessary to debug most DNSSEC validation failures and removing them makes it easier to see the common failures. The default is to display the fields. When omitted, they are replaced by the string "[omitted]"; in the DNSKEY case, the key ID is displayed as the replacement, e.g., [key id = value].

+dscp=value

This option formerly set the DSCP value used when sending a query. It is now obso? lete, and has no effect.

+multiline, +nomultiline

This option toggles printing of records, like the SOA records, in a verbose multi-line format with human-readable comments. The default is to print each record on a single line, to facilitate machine parsing of the mdig output.

+question, +noquestion

This option prints [or does not print] the question section of a query when an an? swer is returned. The default is to print the question section as a comment.

+rrcomments, +norrcomments

This option toggles the display of per-record comments in the output (for example, human-readable key information about DNSKEY records). The default is not to print record comments unless multiline mode is active.

+short, +noshort

This option provides [or does not provide] a terse answer. The default is to print the answer in a verbose form.

+split=W

This option splits long hex- or base64-formatted fields in resource records into chunks of W characters (where W is rounded up to the nearest multiple of 4). +nos? plit or +split=0 causes fields not to be split. The default is 56 characters, or 44 characters when multiline mode is active.

+tcp, +notcp

This option uses [or does not use] TCP when querying name servers. The default be? havior is to use UDP.

+ttlid, +nottlid

This option displays [or does not display] the TTL when printing the record.

+ttlunits, +nottlunits

This option displays [or does not display] the TTL in friendly human-readable time units of "s", "m", "h", "d", and "w", representing seconds, minutes, hours, days, and weeks. This implies +ttlid.

+vc, +novc

This option uses [or does not use] TCP when querying name servers. This alternate syntax to +tcp is provided for backwards compatibility. The vc stands for "virtual circuit".

LOCAL OPTIONS

-c class

This option sets the query class to class. It can be any valid query class which is supported in BIND 9. The default query class is "IN".

-t type

This option sets the query type to type. It can be any valid query type which is supported in BIND 9. The default query type is "A", unless the -x option is sup? plied to indicate a reverse lookup with the "PTR" query type.

-x addr

Reverse lookups - mapping addresses to names - are simplified by this option. addr is an IPv4 address in dotted-decimal notation, or a colon-delimited IPv6 address. mdig automatically performs a lookup for a query name like 11.12.13.10.in-addr.arpa and sets the query type and class to PTR and IN respectively. By default, IPv6 ad? dresses are looked up using nibble format under the IP6.ARPA domain.

The local query options are:

+aaflag, +noaaflag

This is a synonym for +aaonly, +noaaonly.

+aaonly, +noaaonly

This sets the aa flag in the query.

+adflag, +noadflag

This sets [or does not set] the AD (authentic data) bit in the query. This requests the server to return whether all of the answer and authority sections have all been validated as secure, according to the security policy of the server. AD=1 indicates that all records have been validated as secure and the answer is not from a OPT-OUT range. AD=0 indicates that some part of the answer was insecure or not validated. This bit is set by default.

+bufsize=B

This sets the UDP message buffer size advertised using EDNS0 to B bytes. The maxi? mum and minimum sizes of this buffer are 65535 and 0 respectively. Values outside this range are rounded up or down appropriately. Values other than zero cause a EDNS query to be sent.

+cdflag, +nocdflag

This sets [or does not set] the CD (checking disabled) bit in the query. This re? quests the server to not perform DNSSEC validation of responses.

+cookie=####, +nocookie

This sends [or does not send] a COOKIE EDNS option, with an optional value. Replay? ing a COOKIE from a previous response allows the server to identify a previous client. The default is +nocookie.

+dnssec, +nodnssec

This requests that DNSSEC records be sent by setting the DNSSEC OK (DO) bit in the OPT record in the additional section of the query.

+edns[=#], +noedns

This specifies [or does not specify] the EDNS version to query with. Valid values are 0 to 255. Setting the EDNS version causes an EDNS query to be sent. +noedns clears the remembered EDNS version. EDNS is set to 0 by default.

+ednsflags[=#], +noednsflags

This sets the must-be-zero EDNS flag bits (Z bits) to the specified value. Deci? mal, hex, and octal encodings are accepted. Setting a named flag (e.g. DO) is silently ignored. By default, no Z bits are set.

+ednsopt[=code[:value]], +noednsopt

This specifies [or does not specify] an EDNS option with code point code and an op? tional payload of value as a hexadecimal string. +noednsopt clears the EDNS options to be sent.

+expire, +noexpire

This toggles sending of an EDNS Expire option.

+nsid, +nonsid

This toggles inclusion of an EDNS name server ID request when sending a query.

+recurse, +norecurse

This toggles the setting of the RD (recursion desired) bit in the query. This bit is set by default, which means mdig normally sends recursive queries.

+retry=T

This sets the number of times to retry UDP queries to server to T instead of the default, 2. Unlike +tries, this does not include the initial query.

+subnet=addr[/prefix-length], +nosubnet

This sends [or does not send] an EDNS Client Subnet option with the specified IP address or network prefix.

mdig +subnet=0.0.0.0/0, or simply mdig +subnet=0

This sends an EDNS client-subnet option with an empty address and a source pre? fix-length of zero, which signals a resolver that the client's address information must not be used when resolving this query.

+timeout=T

This sets the timeout for a query to T seconds. The default timeout is 5 seconds for UDP transport and 10 for TCP. An attempt to set T to less than 1 results in a query timeout of 1 second being applied.

+tries=T

This sets the number of times to try UDP queries to server to T instead of the de? fault, 3. If T is less than or equal to zero, the number of tries is silently rounded up to 1.

+udptimeout=T

This sets the timeout between UDP query retries to T.

+unknownformat, +nounknownformat

This prints [or does not print] all RDATA in unknown RR-type presentation format (see RFC 3597). The default is to print RDATA for known types in the type's pre? sentation format.

+yaml, +noyaml

This toggles printing of the responses in a detailed YAML format.

+zflag, +nozflag

This sets [or does not set] the last unassigned DNS header flag in a DNS query.

This flag is off by default.

SEE ALSO

dig(1), RFC 1035.

AUTHOR

Internet Systems Consortium

COPYRIGHT

2024, Internet Systems Consortium

9.18.18-0ubuntu0.22.04.2-Ubuntu

2023-08-04

MDIG(1)