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## Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'insw.2'

### \$ man insw.2

<b>\$ man insw.2</b> OUTB(2)	Linux Programmer's Manual	OUTB(2)
NAME	-	
outb, outw, c	outl, outsb, outsw, outsl, inb, inw, inl, insb, insw	ı, insl, outb_p, outw_p,
outl_p, inb_p,	inw_p, inl_p - port I/O	
SYNOPSIS		
#include <sys< td=""><td>/io.h&gt;</td><td></td></sys<>	/io.h>	
unsigned chai	r inb(unsigned short port);	
unsigned chai	r inb_p(unsigned short port);	
unsigned sho	rt inw(unsigned short port);	
unsigned sho	rt inw_p(unsigned short port);	
unsigned int ir	nl(unsigned short port);	
unsigned int ir	nl_p(unsigned short port);	
void outb(unsi	igned char value, unsigned short port);	
void outb_p(u	nsigned char value, unsigned short port);	
void outw(uns	igned short value, unsigned short port);	
void outw_p(u	insigned short value, unsigned short port);	
void outl(unsi	gned int value, unsigned short port);	
void outl_p(ur	nsigned int value, unsigned short port);	
void insb(unsi	gned short port, void *addr,	
unsigne	ed long count);	
void insw(uns	igned short port, void *addr,	
unsigne	ed long count);	
void insl(unsig	gned short port, void *addr,	

unsigned long count);

void outsb(unsigned short port, const void \*addr,

unsigned long count);

void outsw(unsigned short port, const void \*addr,

unsigned long count);

void outsl(unsigned short port, const void \*addr,

unsigned long count);

#### DESCRIPTION

This family of functions is used to do low-level port input and output. The out\* func? tions do port output, the in\* functions do port input; the b-suffix functions are byte-width and the w-suffix functions word-width; the \_p-suffix functions pause until the I/O completes.

They are primarily designed for internal kernel use, but can be used from user space. You must compile with -O or -O2 or similar. The functions are defined as inline macros, and will not be substituted in without optimization enabled, causing unresolved references at link time.

You use ioperm(2) or alternatively iopl(2) to tell the kernel to allow the user space ap? plication to access the I/O ports in question. Failure to do this will cause the applica? tion to receive a segmentation fault.

### CONFORMING TO

outb() and friends are hardware-specific. The value argument is passed first and the port argument is passed second, which is the opposite order from most DOS implementations.

#### SEE ALSO

ioperm(2), iopl(2)

### COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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