

Full credit is given to the above companies including the Operating System (OS) that this PDF file was generated!

Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'aio_suspend.3'

\$ man aio_suspend.3

AIO_SUSPEND(3)

Linux Programmer's Manual

AIO SUSPEND(3)

NAME

aio_suspend - wait for asynchronous I/O operation or timeout

SYNOPSIS

#include <aio.h>

int aio_suspend(const struct aiocb * const aiocb_list[],

int nitems, const struct timespec *timeout);

Link with -Irt.

DESCRIPTION

The aio_suspend() function suspends the calling thread until one of the following occurs:

- * One or more of the asynchronous I/O requests in the list alocb_list has completed.
- * A signal is delivered.
- * timeout is not NULL and the specified time interval has passed. (For details of the timespec structure, see nanosleep(2).)

The nitems argument specifies the number of items in aiocb_list. Each item in the list pointed to by aiocb_list must be either NULL (and then is ignored), or a pointer to a con? trol block on which I/O was initiated using aio_read(3), aio_write(3), or lio_listio(3).

(See aio(7) for a description of the aiocb structure.)

If CLOCK_MONOTONIC is supported, this clock is used to measure the timeout interval (see clock_gettime(3)).

RETURN VALUE

If this function returns after completion of one of the I/O requests specified in aiocb_list, 0 is returned. Otherwise, -1 is returned, and errno is set to indicate the

error.

ERRORS

EAGAIN The call timed out before any of the indicated operations had completed.

EINTR The call was ended by signal (possibly the completion signal of one of the opera? tions we were waiting for); see signal(7).

ENOSYS aio_suspend() is not implemented.

VERSIONS

The aio_suspend() function is available since glibc 2.1.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

?aio_suspend() ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

NOTES

One can achieve polling by using a non-NULL timeout that specifies a zero time interval.

If one or more of the asynchronous I/O operations specified in aiocb_list has already com? pleted at the time of the call to aio_suspend(), then the call returns immediately.

To determine which I/O operations have completed after a successful return from aio_sus? pend(), use aio_error(3) to scan the list of aiocb structures pointed to by aiocb_list.

BUGS

The glibc implementation of aio_suspend() is not async-signal-safe, in violation of the requirements of POSIX.1.

SEE ALSO

```
aio_cancel(3), aio_error(3), aio_fsync(3), aio_read(3), aio_return(3), aio_write(3),
lio_listio(3), aio(7), time(7)
```

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.