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Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command '___freadable.3'

\$ man ___freadable.3

STDIO_EXT(3) Linux Programmer's Manual STDIO_EXT(3)

NAME

___fbufsize, ___flbf, ___fpending, ___fpurge, ___freadable, ___freading, ___fsetlocking, ___fwritable, ___fwriting, _flushlbf - interfaces to stdio FILE structure

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdio_ext.h>

size_t ___fbufsize(FILE *stream);

size_t ___fpending(FILE *stream);

int ___flbf(FILE *stream);

int ___freadable(FILE *stream);

int ___fwritable(FILE *stream);

int ___freading(FILE *stream);

int ___fwriting(FILE *stream);

int ___fsetlocking(FILE *stream, int type);

void _flushlbf(void);

void ___fpurge(FILE *stream);
```

DESCRIPTION

Solaris introduced routines to allow portable access to the internals of the FILE struct? ture, and glibc also implemented these.

The ___fbufsize() function returns the size of the buffer currently used by the given stream.

The ___fpending() function returns the number of bytes in the output buffer. For wide-ori?

ented streams the unit is wide characters. This function is undefined on buffers in read? ing mode, or opened read-only.

The `__flbf()` function returns a nonzero value if the stream is line-buffered, and zero otherwise.

The `__freadable()` function returns a nonzero value if the stream allows reading, and zero otherwise.

The `__fwritable()` function returns a nonzero value if the stream allows writing, and zero otherwise.

The `__freanding()` function returns a nonzero value if the stream is read-only, or if the last operation on the stream was a read operation, and zero otherwise.

The `__fwriting()` function returns a nonzero value if the stream is write-only (or append-only), or if the last operation on the stream was a write operation, and zero otherwise.

The `__fsetlocking()` function can be used to select the desired type of locking on the stream. It returns the current type. The type argument can take the following three values:

FSETLOCKING_INTERNAL

Perform implicit locking around every operation on the given stream (except for the *_unlocked ones). This is the default.

FSETLOCKING_BYCALLER

The caller will take care of the locking (possibly using flockfile(3) in case there is more than one thread), and the stdio routines will not do locking until the state is reset to FSETLOCKING_INTERNAL.

FSETLOCKING_QUERY

Don't change the type of locking. (Only return it.)

The `_flushlbf()` function flushes all line-buffered streams. (Presumably so that output to a terminal is forced out, say before reading keyboard input.)

The `__fpurge()` function discards the contents of the stream's buffer.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see attributes(7).

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?Interface ? Attribute ? Value ?

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?__fbufsize(), __fpending(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe race:stream ?

?__fpurge(), __fsetlocking() ? ? ?

??

?__flbf(), __freadable(), ? Thread safety ? MT-Safe ?

?__freading(), __fwritable(), ? ? ?

?__fwriting(), _flushlbf() ? ? ?

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SEE ALSO

flockfile(3), fpurge(3)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 5.10 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

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