Rocky Enterprise Linux 9.2 Manual Pages on command 'XtVaGetValues.3'

$ man XtVaGetValues.3

XtSetValues(3)   XT FUNCTIONS   XtSetValues(3)

NAME

    XtSetValues, XtVaSetValues, XtSetSubvalues, XtVaSetSubvalues, XtGetValues, XtVaGetValues,

    XtGetSubvalues, XtVaGetSubvalues - obtain and set widget resources

SYNTAX

    #include <X11/Intrinsic.h>

    void XtSetValues(Widget w, ArgList args, Cardinal num_args);

    void XtVaSetValues(Widget w, ...);

    void XtSetSubvalues(XtPointer base, XtResourceList resources, Cardinal num_resources, Ar?

       gList args, Cardinal num_args);

    void XtVaSetSubvalues(XtPointer base, XtResourceList resources, Cardinal num_resources,

       ...);

    void XtGetValues(Widget w, ArgList args, Cardinal num_args);

    void XtVaGetValues(Widget w, ...);

    void XtGetSubvalues(XtPointer base, XtResourceList resources, Cardinal num_resources, Ar?

       gList args, Cardinal num_args);

    void XtVaGetSubvalues(XtPointer base, XtResourceList resources, Cardinal num_resources,

       ...);

ARGUMENTS

    args   Specifies the argument list of name/address pairs that contain the resource name

         and either the address into which the resource value is to be stored or their

         new values.

    base   Specifies the base address of the subpart data structure where the resources

should be retrieved or written.

num_args Specifies the number of arguments in the argument list.

resources Specifies the nonwidget resource list or values.

num_resources

Specifies the number of resources in the resource list.

w   Specifies the widget.

...   Specifies the variable argument list of name/address pairs that contain the re?

source name and either the address into which the resource value is to be stored

or their new values.

DESCRIPTION

The XtSetValues function starts with the resources specified for the Core widget fields

and proceeds down the subclass chain to the widget. At each stage, it writes the new

value (if specified by one of the arguments) or the existing value (if no new value is

specified) to a new widget data record. XtSetValues then calls the set_values procedures

for the widget in superclass-to-subclass order. If the widget has any non-NULL set_val?

ues_hook fields, these are called immediately after the corresponding set_values proce?

dure. This procedure permits subclasses to set nonwidget data for XtSetValues.

If the widget's parent is a subclass of constraintWidgetClass, XtSetValues also updates

the widget's constraints. It starts with the constraint resources specified for

constraintWidgetClass and proceeds down the subclass chain to the parent's class. At each

stage, it writes the new value or the existing value to a new constraint record. It then

calls the constraint set_values procedures from constraintWidgetClass down to the parent's

class. The constraint set_values procedures are called with widget arguments, as for all

set_values procedures, not just the constraint record arguments, so that they can make ad?

justments to the desired values based on full information about the widget.

XtSetValues determines if a geometry request is needed by comparing the current widget to

the new widget. If any geometry changes are required, it makes the request, and the geom?

etry manager returns XtGeometryYes, XtGeometryAlmost, or XtGeometryNo. If XtGeometryYes,

XtSetValues calls the widget's resize procedure. If XtGeometryNo, XtSetValues resets the

geometry fields to their original values. If XtGeometryAlmost, XtSetValues calls the

set_values_almost procedure, which determines what should be done and writes new values

for the geometry fields into the new widget. XtSetValues then repeats this process, de?

ciding once more whether the geometry manager should be called.

Finally, if any of the set_values procedures returned True, XtSetValues causes the wid?
get's expose procedure to be invoked by calling the Xlib XClearArea function on the wid?
get's window.

The XtSetSubvalues function stores resources into the structure identified by base.

The XtGetValues function starts with the resources specified for the core widget fields
and proceeds down the subclass chain to the widget. The value field of a passed argument
list should contain the address into which to store the corresponding resource value. It
is the caller's responsibility to allocate and deallocate this storage according to the
size of the resource representation type used within the widget.

If the widget's parent is a subclass of constraintWidgetClass, XtGetValues then fetches
the values for any constraint resources requested. It starts with the constraint re?
sources specified for constraintWidgetClass and proceeds down to the subclass chain to the
parent's constraint resources. If the argument list contains a resource name that is not
found in any of the resource lists searched, the value at the corresponding address is not
modified. Finally, if the get_values_hook procedures are non-NULL, they are called in su?
perclass-to-subclass order after all the resource values have been fetched by XtGetValues.
This permits a subclass to provide nonwidget resource data to XtGetValues.

The XtGetSubvalues function obtains resource values from the structure identified by base.

SEE ALSO

X Toolkit Intrinsics - C Language Interface

Xlib - C Language X Interface

X Version 11   libXt 1.2.1   XtSetValues(3)